ALASKA WORLD HISTORY · UNIT 3 · 10 QUESTIONS

Age of Revolutions — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button so it can be fixed.

1 **What health problem grew in crowded industrial cities?**

- A Disease disappeared
- B Disease spread quickly where water was dirty and housing was crowded
- C Cities had clean water everywhere
- D No one lived in cities

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2 **Why did workers form labor unions?**

- A To support child labor
- B To close all factories
- C To bargain together for better wages, hours, and safety
- D To end all jobs

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3 **How was Social Darwinism used in the age of imperialism?**

- A It had nothing to do with empire
- B It was used to end imperialism
- C It proved all nations equal
- D Some used it to claim that stronger nations had a right to dominate weaker ones

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4 **What did the Berlin Conference of 1884 to 1885 do?**

- A European powers set rules for dividing Africa without African representatives
- B African leaders divided Europe
- C Europe gave up all colonies
- D Trade in Africa ended

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5 **What helped spark the Sepoy Rebellion in India in 1857?**

- A Indian soldiers wanted more British rule
- B Indian soldiers resented British rule and disrespect for their religions and customs
- C India had no army
- D Trade with Britain had ended

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6 **What resulted from the Opium Wars for China?**

- A Trade with Europe stopped
- B China gained control of Britain
- C Unequal treaties forced China to open ports and give up Hong Kong
- D China closed all ports forever

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7 **Why did the victory of Japan over Russia in 1905 surprise the world?**

- **A** The war never happened
- **B** Russia had no army
- **C** Japan had no navy
- **D** An Asian power had defeated a European great power in modern war

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8 **What role did Cavour play in Italian unification?**

- **A** As prime minister of Piedmont, he used diplomacy and war to unite Italy
- **B** He opposed unification
- **C** He ruled France
- **D** He led the Austrian army

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9 **How did nationalism weaken the Ottoman Empire?**

A It made the empire larger

B Peoples within the empire sought their own independent states

C It ended all revolts

D It united all groups under the sultan

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10 **What did Mary Wollstonecraft argue in 1792?**

A That only men could reason

B That women should not be educated

C That women deserved equal education and equal rights

D That education should end

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ANSWER KEY

1.	B	**5.**	B	**9.**	B
2.	C	**6.**	C	**10.**	C
3.	D	**7.**	D		
4.	A	**8.**	A		

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