ARIZONA WORLD HISTORY · UNIT 4 · 25 QUESTIONS

Modern World and Globalization — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **World War I began in 1914 after the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria Hungary, and it soon drew in alliances that divided Europe into opposing**

- A Camps
- B Empires only
- C Colonies only
- D Trade blocs

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **Trench warfare on the Western Front led to a long stalemate in which soldiers fought from fortified ditches with little**



A Artillery

B Territorial gain

C Disease

D Supply shortage

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **New weapons in World War I, including machine guns, poison gas, and tanks, made the war far more**

- A Short
- B Cheap
- C Deadly
- D Mobile

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **The Treaty of Versailles ended World War I and required Germany to accept blame, pay reparations, and reduce its**

- A Trade only
- B Military
- C Territory only
- D Population

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **The League of Nations was created after World War I to prevent future wars through diplomacy, but it lacked enforcement power and the United States never**

A Joined

B Funded it

C Recognized it

D Attended it

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6 **The Great Depression of the 1930s caused widespread unemployment and bank failures, and it weakened democratic governments in several**



A Colonies only

B Islands

C Cities

D Countries

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7 **In Germany Adolf Hitler and the Nazi Party rose to power by promising economic recovery and national revival, and they later established a totalitarian**

A Republic

B Monarchy

C Dictatorship

D Democracy

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8 **Fascism in Italy under Benito Mussolini stressed nationalism, obedience to the state, and rule by a single**

A Army council

B Leader

C Parliament

D Church

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9 **World War II began in 1939 when one country invaded Poland, and Britain and France then declared war on**

- A Germany
- B Italy
- C Japan
- D The Soviet Union

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10 **The attack on Pearl Harbor in 1941 brought the United States into World War II against Japan and its allies in the**

- A Allies
- B League
- C Entente
- D Axis

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11 **The Holocaust was the systematic murder of six million Jews and millions of others by the Nazi regime during World War**

A III

B IV

C II

D I

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **The D Day invasion of Normandy in 1944 opened a major western front against Germany and helped lead to the liberation of**

A Italy only

B Western Europe

C Eastern Europe only

D North Africa only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **After World War II the UN was founded to promote peace, security, and cooperation among**



A Nations

B Colonies

C Armies

D Corporations

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **The Cold War was a long rivalry between the United States and the Soviet Union that involved political, economic, and military competition but no direct**



A Trade

B Diplomacy

C Alliance

D War between them

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **NATO was formed in 1949 as a military alliance of Western nations, and the Soviet Union responded by forming the Warsaw**

A League

B Union

C Pact

D Treaty

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **The Korean War ended in an armistice in 1953 that left Korea divided along a line near the 38th**

A Mountain range

B Parallel

C Meridian

D Border river

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **The Vietnam War ended with the withdrawal of American forces and the unification of Vietnam under communist rule in**

A 1975

B 1965

C 1985

D 1955

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **Mahatma Gandhi led India's independence movement using nonviolent resistance, including boycotts and peaceful protests against British**

A Trade

B Religion

C Taxes only

D Rule

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **India gained independence from Britain in 1947 and was partitioned into India and**

A Nepal

B Sri Lanka

C Pakistan

D Bangladesh only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **Decolonization after World War II meant that many former colonies in Africa and Asia gained political**

A Trade monopolies

B Independence

C Wealth

D Military power

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **The state of Israel was established in 1948, and conflict over land and self determination in the region has continued between Israelis and**

A Palestinians

B Egyptians only

C Jordanians only

D Lebanese only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **Under Mao Zedong, China became a communist state in 1949, and the Cultural Revolution later disrupted education and government in an effort to renew revolutionary**

A Trade

B Farming

C Industry

D Zeal

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **The Soviet Union collapsed in 1991, ending the Cold War and leading to the independence of republics such as Ukraine and the Baltic**



A Provinces

B Colonies

C States

D Cities

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **Globalization has increased connections between countries through trade, travel, and communication technology, which has spread goods, ideas, and**



A Languages only

B Culture

C Diseases only

D Weapons only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **The internet and container shipping have made global trade faster and cheaper, but they have also raised concerns about job losses and the power of multinational**

A Corporations

B Governments only

C Unions only

D Banks only

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ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. B
5. A
6. D
7. C
8. B
9. A
10. D
11. C
12. B
13. A
14. D
15. C
16. B
17. A
18. D
19. C
20. B
21. A
22. D
23. C
24. B
25. A

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