BRITISH COLUMBIA PRE-CALCULUS 12 (MPREC12) · FINAL EXAM · 50 QUESTIONS

Final Exam — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **If (2, 5) lies on y = f(x), then on y = -f(x) the point is**

- A (2, -5)
- B (-2, 5)
- C (2, 5)
- D (-2, -5)

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **The solution of $2^x = 32$ is**

- A x = 6
- B x = 5
- C x = 4
- D x = 16

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **The period of $y = \sin(2x)$ is**

- A 4π
- B 2π
- C $\pi/2$
- D π

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **For $a_n = 3 \cdot 2^{n-1}$, the 5th term is**

ANSWER _____

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 If (5, 2) lies on y = f(x), then on y = 2f(x - 3) + 1 it is

- A (5, 5)
- B (2, 5)
- C (8, 3)
- D (8, 5)

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

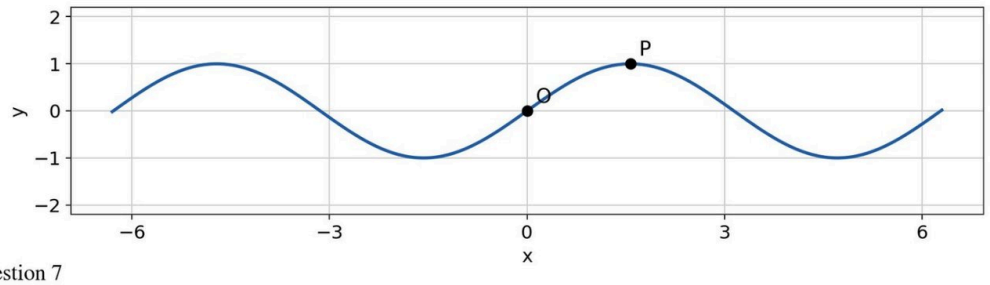
6 A population of 200 triples every hour. After 2 hours, the population is

ANSWER _____

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **The graph shows y = sin x, with peak P. The amplitude of this graph is**

7 **The graph shows y = sin x, with peak P. The amplitude of this graph is**



Question 7

The graph shows $y = \sin x$, with peak P. The amplitude of this graph is

A) 1

B) 2

C) π

D) 2π

A 1

B 2

C π

D 2π

A 1

B 2

C π

D 2π

Understand It with Pulse

Flag a mistake

8 **The infinite sum 16 + 8 + 4 + 2 + cdots is**

A 64

B 30

C 16

D 32

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9 **The vertex of the parabola $y = (x - 4)^2 + 3$ is**

A (4, 3)

B (-4, 3)

C (4, -3)

D (-4, -3)

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10 **Doubling a quantity three times multiplies it by**

- **A** 3
- **B** 6
- **C** 8
- **D** 9

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **The exact value of sin π/6 is**

- **A** $\sqrt{2}/2$
- **B** $\sqrt{3}/2$
- **C** 1
- **D** $\frac{1}{2}$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **The vertical asymptote of $y = 1/x - 3$ is**

- A $y = 0$
- B $x = -3$
- C $y = 3$
- D $x = 3$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **When factored completely, $x^3 - 8$ is**

- A $(x - 2)(x^2 - 2x + 4)$
- B $(x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)$
- C $(x + 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)$
- D $(x - 2)^3$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **Shifting $y = 2^x$ right 2 and up 1 gives**

- **A** $y = 2^{x+2} + 1$
- **B** $y = 2^{x-2} + 1$
- **C** $y = 2^{x-2} - 1$
- **D** $y = 2^{x+2} - 1$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **The exact value of sin π/2 is**

- **A** 0
- **B** 1
- **C** -1
- **D** $\frac{1}{2}$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **The domain of $y = x/x^2 - 9$ excludes**

A $x = 0$

B $x = 3$ and $x = -3$

C $x = 9$

D $x = 3$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

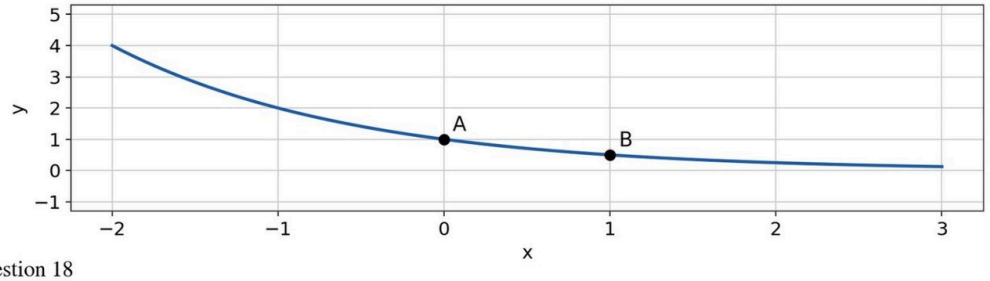
17 **For $P(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 5$, the value of $P(2)$ is**

ANSWER _____

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **The graph shows y = 2^{-x}, with points A and B. The value of this function at x = 1 is**

18 **The graph shows y = 2^{-x}, with points A and B. The value of this function at x = 1 is**



Question 18

The graph shows $y = 2^{-x}$, with points A and B. The value of this function at $x = 1$ is

A) $\frac{1}{2}$

B) 2

C) 1

D) −2

A $\frac{1}{2}$

B 2

C 1

D -2

A $\frac{1}{2}$

B 2

C 1

D -2

Understand It with Pulse

Flag a mistake

19 **The double angle identity for sin 2θ is**

A $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta$

B $2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$

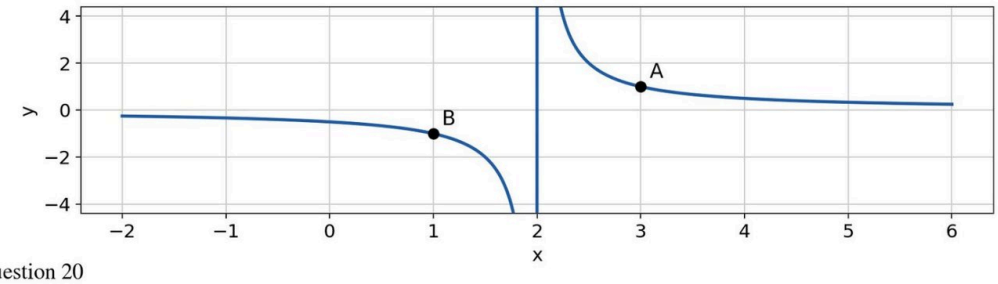
C $2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$

D $\sin \theta + \cos \theta$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **The graph shows y = 1/x - 2, with points A and B. The vertical asymptote of this graph is**

20 **The graph shows y = 1/x - 2, with points A and B. The vertical asymptote of this graph is**



Question 20

The graph shows $y = \frac{1}{x-2}$, with points A and B.

The vertical asymptote of this graph is

A) $x = 2$

B) $x = -2$

C) $y = 0$

D) $y = 2$

A x = 2

B x = -2

C y = 0

D y = 2

A x = 2

B x = -2

C y = 0

D y = 2

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **For f(x) = (x - 2)²(x + 1), at x = 2 the graph**

A touches and turns back

B crosses straight through

C has a vertical asymptote

D has a hole

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **The solution of log x = 2 (base 10) is**

A x = 2

B x = 20

C x = 10

D x = 100

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 The solutions of 2 sin x - 1 = 0 are for x from 0 to 2π, not including 2π

- A 5π/6, 7π/6
- B π/3, 2π/3
- C π/6, 7π/6
- D π/6, 5π/6

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 The 3rd term of 5, 10, 20, … is

- A 15
- B 20
- C 40
- D 25

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **The point (3, -1) under**
(x, y) → (x - 4, y + 2) becomes

A (7, 1)

B (-1, 1)

C (-1, -3)

D (7, -3)

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

26 **The solution of $3^{2x} = 81$ is**

A x = 2

B x = 4

C x = 3

D x = 8

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

27 **For y = 4 cos(3x), the amplitude is**

- A 12
- B 3
- C 4
- D 2π

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

28 **The vertical asymptote of y = 3/x + 5 is**

- A y = -5
- B x = 5
- C x = -5
- D y = 0

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

29 **Reflecting $y = x^2$ in the x-axis gives**

- A $y = -x + 2$
- B $y = (-x)^2$
- C $y = x^2 - 1$
- D $y = -x^2$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

30 **The solution of $\log_5(2x) = 2$ is**

- A $x = 10$
- B $x = 25$
- C $x = 12.5$
- D $x = 5$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

31 The amplitude of $y = 5 \cos x$ is

- A 5
- B 1
- C 2π
- D 10

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

32 The next term of 2, 6, 18, 54, … is

- A 72
- B 108
- C 162
- D 216

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

33 If (-3, 7) lies on y = f(x), then on y = f(-x) the point is

- A (-3, -7)
- B (3, 7)
- C (3, -7)
- D (-3, 7)

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

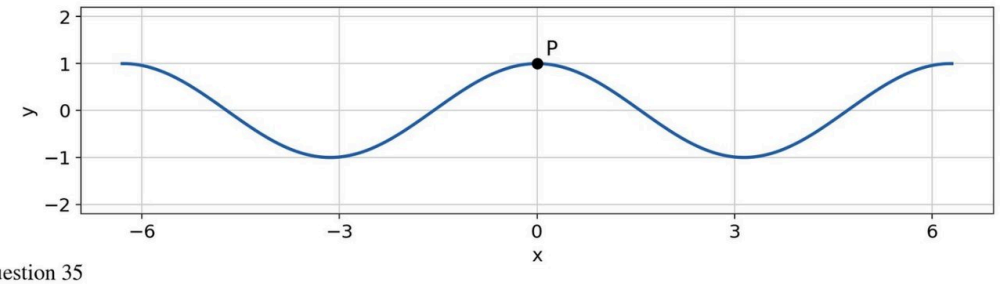
34 The solution of $\log_3 x = 3$ is

- A x = 3
- B x = 9
- C x = 27
- D x = 81

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

35 **The graph shows y = cos x, with point P at x = 0. The value at P is**

35 **The graph shows y = cos x, with point P at x = 0. The value at P is**



Question 35

The graph shows $y = \cos x$, with point P at $x = 0$. The value at P is

A) 1

B) 0

C) −1

D) 2

A 1

B 0

C -1

D 2

A 1

B 0

C -1

D 2

Understand It with Pulse

Flag a mistake

36 **The sum 5 + 10 + 20 + 40 is**

A 70

B 75

C 65

D 80

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

37 **The sum of the zeros of (x + 5)(x - 2)(x - 4) is**

ANSWER _____

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

38 **The solution of $10^x = 10000$ is**

- A $x = 1000$
- B $x = 10$
- C $x = 3$
- D $x = 4$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

39 **The exact value of tan π/3 is**

- A $1/\sqrt{3}$
- B 1
- C $\sqrt{3}$
- D 0

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

40 The horizontal asymptote of $y = 5x - 1/2x + 3$ is

- **A** $y = 0$
- **B** $y = 5$
- **C** $y = 2$
- **D** $y = \frac{5}{2}$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

41 For $P(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 3$, the remainder on division by $x - 1$ is

ANSWER _____

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

42 The solution of $2^{x+1} = 16$ is

- **A** x = 4
- **B** x = 3
- **C** x = 2
- **D** x = 8

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

43 The solutions of cos x = 0 are for x from 0 to 2π, not including 2π

- **A** π/4, 5π/4
- **B** 0, π
- **C** π/2, 3π/2
- **D** π/3, 5π/3

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

44 **The domain of y = 1/x - 8 excludes**

- A x = 0
- B x = 8
- C x = -8
- D x = 1

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

45 **For f(x) = (x + 3)(x - 1)³, at x = -3 the graph**

- A has a vertical asymptote
- B touches and turns back
- C crosses straight through
- D has a hole

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

46 **Written as a logarithm, $2^6 = 64$ becomes**

- A $\log_{64} 2 = 6$
- B $\log_6 64 = 2$
- C $\log_2 6 = 64$
- D $\log_2 64 = 6$

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

47 **The value of sin π is**

- A $\frac{1}{2}$
- B 1
- C -1
- D 0

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

48 An infinite geometric series with ratio $\frac{3}{4}$ and first term 8

- **A** sums to 0
- **B** diverges
- **C** converges
- **D** is arithmetic

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

49 If (0, -4) lies on y = f(x), then on y = f(x + 5) - 3 the point is

- **A** (-5, -7)
- **B** (5, -7)
- **C** (-5, -1)
- **D** (5, -1)

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

50 **Using log laws, log 2 + log 5 equals**

A log 10

B log 7

C log 25

D 2 log 5

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1.	A	**18.**	A	**35.**	A
2.	B	**19.**	B	**36.**	B
3.	D	**20.**	A	**37.**	1
4.	48	**21.**	A	**38.**	D
5.	D	**22.**	D	**39.**	C
6.	1800	**23.**	D	**40.**	D
7.	A	**24.**	B	**41.**	0
8.	D	**25.**	B	**42.**	B
9.	A	**26.**	A	**43.**	C
10.	C	**27.**	C	**44.**	B
11.	D	**28.**	C	**45.**	C
12.	D	**29.**	D	**46.**	D
13.	B	**30.**	C	**47.**	D
14.	B	**31.**	A	**48.**	C
15.	B	**32.**	C	**49.**	A
16.	B	**33.**	B	**50.**	A
17.	1	**34.**	C		

© 2026 Brett Robbins. All Rights Reserved.