BRITISH COLUMBIA SOCIAL STUDIES 10: CANADA AND THE WORLD, 1919 TO THE PRESENT · UNIT A · 10 QUESTIONS

# Global and Regional Conflicts, 10-question test — Practice Test

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1

## The liberation of the Netherlands in 1945 is remembered in Canada because

Question 1

The liberation of the Netherlands in 1945 is remembered in Canada because

A) Canada annexed the Netherlands

B) Canadian troops helped free Dutch towns and were welcomed as liberators

C) Dutch troops liberated Canada

D) the war ended in the Netherlands in 1914

- **A** Canada annexed the Netherlands
- **B** Canadian troops helped free Dutch towns and were welcomed as liberators
- **C** Dutch troops liberated Canada
- **D** the war ended in the Netherlands in 1914

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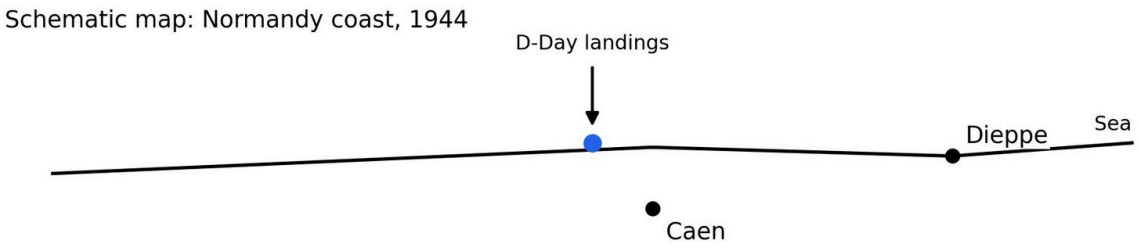
2

## The schematic map shows the Normandy coast in 1944. The inland town shown on the map is




Question 2

The schematic map shows the Normandy coast in 1944. The inland town shown on the map is

A) Caen

B) Dieppe

C) Calais

D) Ypres

A Caen

B Dieppe

C Calais

D Ypres

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## 3 After the Second World War, the United Nations was founded in 1945 mainly to

Question 3

After the Second World War, the United Nations was founded in 1945 mainly to

A) promote peace, cooperation, and human rights among nations

B) punish defeated countries forever

C) create a single world currency

D) ban all national armies at once

- **A** promote peace, cooperation, and human rights among nations
- **B** punish defeated countries forever
- **C** create a single world currency
- **D** ban all national armies at once

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## 4 During the Cold War, the two superpowers were

Question 4

During the Cold War, the two superpowers were

A) Germany and Italy

B) Britain and France

C) the United States and the Soviet Union

D) Canada and Mexico

A Germany and Italy

B Britain and France

C the United States and the Soviet Union

D Canada and Mexico

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## 5 The Korean War ended in 1953 with

Question 5

The Korean War ended in 1953 with

A) Canada leaving the United Nations

B) a peace treaty uniting Korea

C) an armistice that left Korea divided near the 38th parallel

D) a Korean victory over the United Nations

- **A** Canada leaving the United Nations
- **B** a peace treaty uniting Korea
- **C** an armistice that left Korea divided near the 38th parallel
- **D** a Korean victory over the United Nations

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## 6 Canada's peacekeeping tradition is associated with the idea that peacekeepers

Question 6

Canada's peacekeeping tradition is associated with the idea that peacekeepers

A) use force only in self – defence and with the consent of the parties

B) refuse all contact with civilians

C) fight for one side in a war

D) take over the government of a country

- **A** use force only in self-defence and with the consent of the parties
- **B** refuse all contact with civilians
- **C** fight for one side in a war
- **D** take over the government of a country

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## 7 The Vietnam War affected Canada mainly because

Question 7

The Vietnam War affected Canada mainly because

A) Canada sent combat troops to fight in Vietnam

B) American draft resisters came to Canada and the war divided public opinion

C) Canada annexed part of Vietnam

D) Vietnam invaded Canada

- **A** Canada sent combat troops to fight in Vietnam
- **B** American draft resisters came to Canada and the war divided public opinion
- **C** Canada annexed part of Vietnam
- **D** Vietnam invaded Canada

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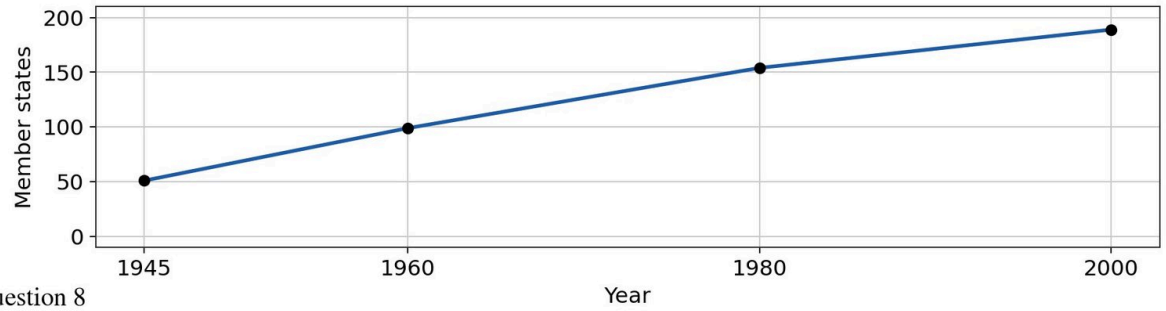
8

## The graph shows approximate United Nations membership in 1945, 1960, 1980, and 2000. The largest increase shown between two points on the graph is between




Question 8

The graph shows approximate United Nations membership in 1945, 1960, 1980, and 2000. The largest increase shown between two points on the graph is between

A) 1945 and 1960

B) 1960 and 1980

C) 1980 and 2000

D) 1945 and 2000 as a single step

A 1945 and 1960

B 1960 and 1980

C 1980 and 2000

D 1945 and 2000 as a single step

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## 9 Modern international conflict differs from the world wars mainly in that it often involves

Question 9

Modern international conflict differs from the world wars mainly in that it often involves

A) civil wars, terrorism, and peace operations as well as wars between states

B) only two countries at a time

C) no civilians at all

D) battles fought only at sea

A civil wars, terrorism, and peace operations as well as wars between states

B only two countries at a time

C no civilians at all

D battles fought only at sea

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10

## A historian studying cause and consequence would link the Treaty of Versailles to later conflict by noting that

Question 10

A historian studying cause and consequence would link the Treaty of Versailles to later conflict by noting that

A) it ended all German resentment

B) harsh terms and reparations fuelled resentment in Germany

C) it created the United Nations

D) it prevented any future war in Europe

A it ended all German resentment

B harsh terms and reparations fuelled resentment in Germany

C it created the United Nations

D it prevented any future war in Europe

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## ANSWER KEY

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **1.** | B | **5.** | C | **9.** | A |
| **2.** | A | **6.** | A | **10.** | B |
| **3.** | A | **7.** | B | | |
| **4.** | C | **8.** | B | | |

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