BRITISH COLUMBIA SOCIAL STUDIES 10: CANADA AND THE WORLD, 1919 TO THE PRESENT · UNIT C · 10 QUESTIONS

Worldviews and Canadian Society — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **The baby boom after the Second World War affected Canadian society by**

A ending urban growth

B closing hospitals

C reducing school enrolment

D creating large school-age cohorts and later a large workforce

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2 **The schematic map of Canada shows grain production levels by region in the data shown. The region at level 3 , the highest level, is**

A Atlantic

B Ontario

C Prairies

D Quebec

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3 **The North in Canadian identity is often associated with**

A vast distances, cold climates, and Indigenous northern communities

B dense southern cities only

C tropical farming

D a lack of any communities

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4 **Climate shapes human-environment interaction in Canada because**

- **A** weather has no effect on daily life
- **B** all regions have the same weather
- **C** heating, clothing, transport, and farming must adapt to cold and varied climates
- **D** Canadians never go outdoors

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5 **The St. Lawrence Seaway, opened in 1959, changed human-environment interaction by**

- **A** ending trade with Europe
- **B** blocking all shipping
- **C** allowing ocean ships to reach the Great Lakes
- **D** draining the Great Lakes

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6 **A historian studying changing identity would compare how Canadians described themselves in 1920 and in 2000 in order to see**

- A the price of wheat
- B only spelling changes
- C continuity and change in identity over time
- D whether maps changed

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7 **Second-generation Canadians sometimes describe feeling between two cultures. This best illustrates that identity can be**

- A fixed at birth and never questioned
- B layered and shaped by family and wider society
- C decided by one government form
- D the same for every person

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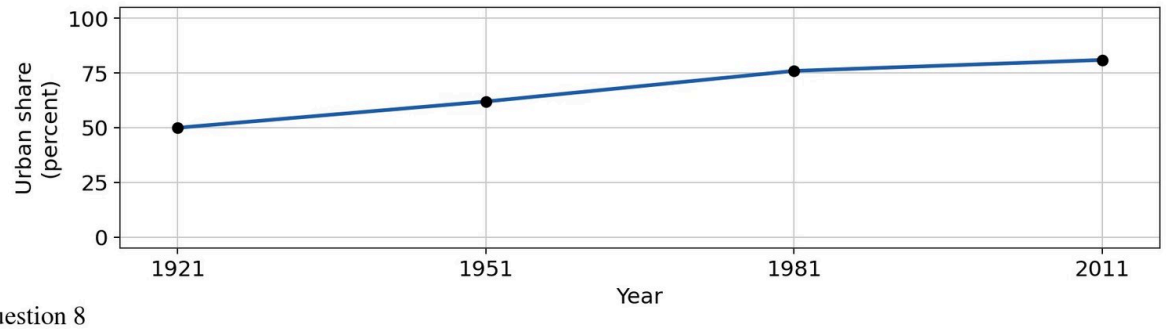
8 **The graph shows the approximate share of Canadians living in urban areas. Between 1921 and 2011, the urban share**



Question 8

The graph shows the approximate share of Canadians living in urban areas. Between 1921 and 2011, the urban share

A) fell from 81 percent to 50 percent

B) rose from about 50 percent to about 81 percent

C) stayed at exactly 50 percent

D) fell to zero

A fell from 81 percent to 50 percent

B rose from about 50 percent to about 81 percent

C stayed at exactly 50 percent

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Understand It with Pulse **Flag a mistake**

9 **When a community celebrates both a heritage festival and Canada Day, this best shows**

A a conflict that cannot be resolved

B multiple identities held at the same time

C a rejection of Canadian citizenship

D a ban on heritage festivals

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10 **A fair way to study a worldview different from your own is to**

A assume it is wrong without evidence

B listen to how its holders explain their own beliefs and practices

C ignore its history

D judge it only by your own customs

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ANSWER KEY

1.	D	**5.**	C	**9.**	B
2.	C	**6.**	C	**10.**	B
3.	A	**7.**	B		
4.	C	**8.**	B		

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