ENGLAND GCSE GEOGRAPHY EDEXCEL B · UNIT 2 · 25 QUESTIONS

Development Dynamics and Challenges of an Urbanising World — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button so it can be fixed.

1 **A camera records a documentary about trade. What is fair trade?**

- A Trade only between rich countries
- B Free trade with no rules
- C Fair prices for farmers
- D Taxes on imported goods

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2 **A garden fence is painted by volunteers. What is microfinance?**

- A Free money from governments
- B Large loans for companies
- C Small loans for the poor
- D Loans that are never repaid

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **A train stops at a station near a slum. What is informal housing?**

- A Government housing
- B Housing for rich people
- C Private housing
- D Self built housing

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4 **A birthday cake is shared in a megacity. What is a megacity?**

- A City over 10 million
- B Capital city of a country
- C City over 1 million
- D City over 100,000

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5 **A football lies on grass near a new road. What is urban sprawl?**

- A People moving back to villages
- B Cities getting taller with new flats
- C Cities losing population
- D Cities spreading outwards

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6 **A violin case lies beside a book on cities. What is counter urbanisation?**

- A Moving from city to countryside
- B Moving from countryside to city
- C Moving between two cities
- D Moving from one country to another

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7 **How can air pollution be reduced in cities?**

- A More cars
- B Building more roads
- C Closing parks
- D Public transport

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8 **How can megacities become more sustainable?**

A More cars

B Building on green space

C Using more energy

D Public transport

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9 **What is the name for the movement of people from cities to the countryside?**

A Migration to another city

B Counter urbanisation

C Suburbanisation

D Urbanisation

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10 **What is the difference between bilateral and multilateral aid?**

- A Bilateral is one country to another
- B Bilateral is many to one
- C They are the same
- D Multilateral is one to one between countries

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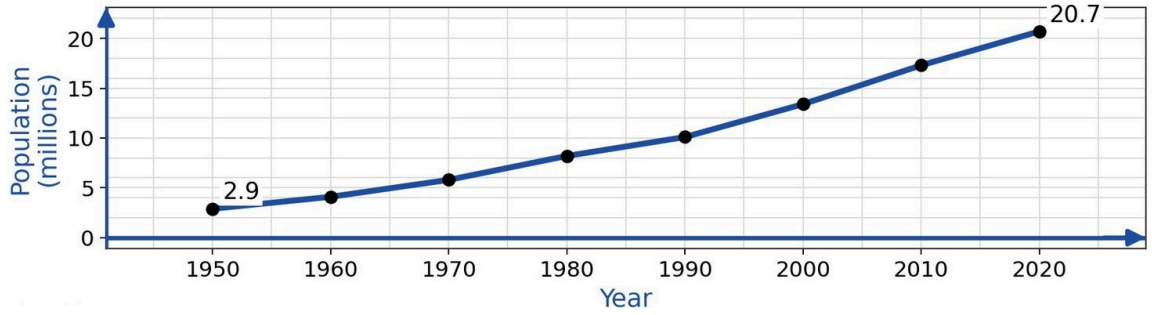
11 **How has globalisation harmed developing countries?**

- A More jobs for everyone
- B Exploitation of workers
- C Less pollution in cities
- D Better wages for all

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **The graph shows the population of Mumbai from 1950 to 2020. How much did the population grow from 1950 to 2020?**



- **A** About 10 million
- **B** About 3 million
- **C** The very small growth of 2.9 million
- **D** About 18 million

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13 **Which of these is an economic measure of development?**

A Life expectancy

B GDP per person

C Number of doctors per person

D Literacy rate

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14 **Which of these is a push factor from rural areas?**

A Better schools in cities

B Lack of jobs

C Hospitals in cities

D Good jobs in cities

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **Which of these countries is a newly emerging economy?**

- A India
- B United Kingdom
- C United States of America
- D The wealthy nation of Switzerland

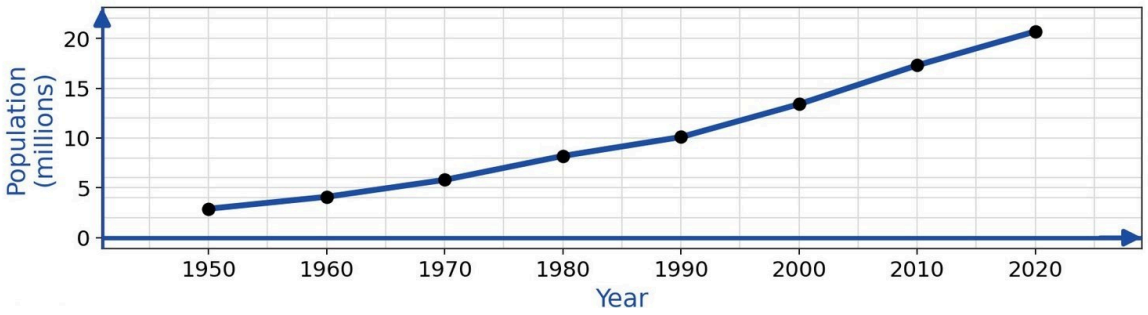
Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **What is a transnational corporation (TNC)?**

- A Small local business
- B Government owned company in one country
- C Company operating in many countries
- D Company in one country

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **The graph shows the population of Mumbai from 1950 to 2020. In which decade did the population grow fastest?**



A 2010 to 2020

B 1970 to 1980

C The decade from 1990 to 2000

D 1950 to 1960

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18 **What is the name for the planning of cities to be sustainable?**

A Building without rules in the city

B Unplanned growth

C Sustainable urban planning

D Urban sprawl

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19 **What is the name for the quality of life in a megacity?**

A Varies by area

B The same in all areas

C Good for everyone

D Bad for everyone

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **What is long term aid?**

A Help for one day only

B Help to develop over time

C Help after a disaster

D Help that is never repaid

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21 **What is Rostow's model of development?**

A Stages of growth

B Dependency theory

C World systems theory

D A model of trade patterns

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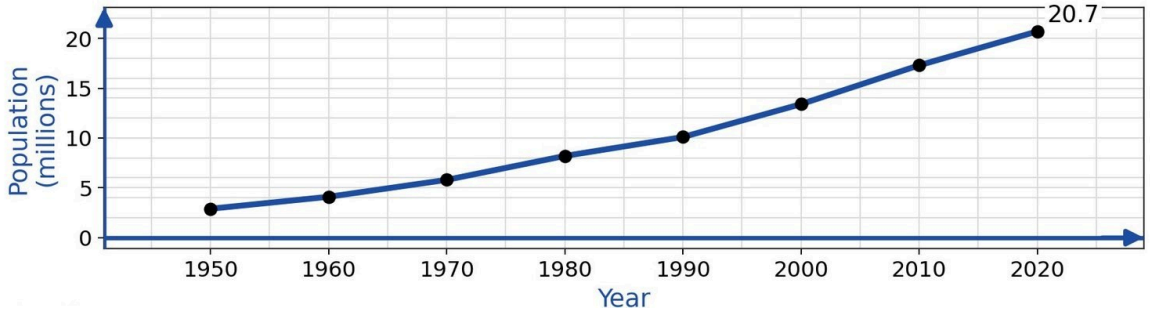
22 **The graph shows the population of Mumbai from 1950 to 2020. What was the population in 2020?**



A About 10 million

B About 21 million

C About 3 million

D The very small figure of 2.9 million

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23 **What is the name for the waste produced by cities?**

- A Waste from farms
- B Industrial waste
- C Urban waste
- D Rural waste

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24 **Which megacity is a case study in a developing country?**

- A London
- B The city of New York
- C Paris
- D Mumbai

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25 **What is fair trade?**

A Fair prices for farmers

B Trade only between rich countries

C Free trade with no rules

D Taxes on imported goods

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ANSWER KEY

1.	C	**10.**	A	**19.**	A
2.	C	**11.**	B	**20.**	B
3.	D	**12.**	D	**21.**	A
4.	A	**13.**	B	**22.**	B
5.	D	**14.**	B	**23.**	C
6.	A	**15.**	A	**24.**	D
7.	D	**16.**	C	**25.**	A
8.	D	**17.**	A		
9.	B	**18.**	C		

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