ENGLAND GCSE GEOGRAPHY EDEXCEL · UNIT 1 · 25 QUESTIONS

The Changing Landscapes of the UK — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button so it can be fixed.

1 **A teapot is warming on a stove in a coastal town. What is a stack?**

- A Arch through a headland
- B A sand ridge across a bay
- C Pillar of rock in the sea
- D Low flat rock at sea level

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2 **A lighthouse stands on a headland. Which coastal feature is formed when a cave is eroded through a headland?**

- A A spit of sand in a bay
- B Stack
- C Stump
- D Arch

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3 **A market stall owner talks about the river. How does deforestation affect a river catchment?**

- A Less flooding
- B Cleaner river water
- C Slower runoff after rain
- D More flooding

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4 **A bicycle leans against a sea wall. What is the purpose of a rock armour defence?**

- A Stop the tide coming in
- B Absorb wave energy
- C Build up a sandy beach
- D Trap sand on a beach

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5 **A letter is sent from a village on the Holderness coast. Where is the Holderness coastline?**

- A East Yorkshire
- B North Norfolk
- C The coast of West Wales
- D South Devon

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6

Autumn leaves fall in a wooded valley. What is the name for the flat land that floods beside a river?

A Levee

B Floodplain

C The steep valley sides

D Delta

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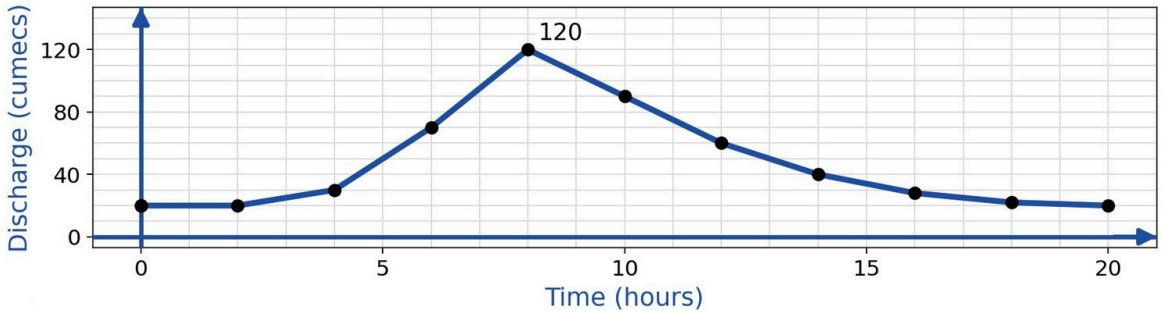
7 **The graph shows a hydrograph for a river after a storm. What happens to the discharge after the rain falls?**



A It rises to a peak

B It rises and falls many times

C It falls at once

D It stays the same

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8 **How do people change coastal landscapes?**

A Letting cliffs erode freely

B Planting trees on the beach

C Removing sand dunes

D Building sea defences

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9 **What is the upper course of the River Tees like?**

A Waterfalls and gorges

B Wide meanders

C A flat floodplain with levees

D A large estuary

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10 **What is the name for the solid rock that lies beneath the soil?**

A Bedrock

B Boulder clay

C Topsoil

D A layer of sand and gravel

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **Where is the Holderness coastline?**

A North Norfolk

B East Yorkshire

C South Devon

D The coast of West Wales

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12 **What is the name for the way a landscape is used by different groups?**

A Land use planning

B National park management plan

C Conservation area rules

D Land use conflict

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13 **What is the name for the material left behind by a glacier?**

A A drumlin shaped by ice

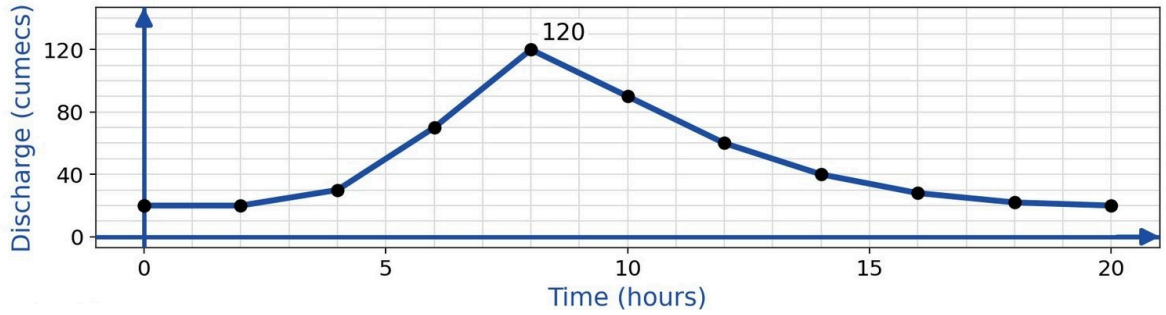
B Moraine

C Till is the same material

D Outwash plain

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **The graph shows a hydrograph for a river after a storm. What is the peak discharge?**



A 60 cumecs

B 120 cumecs

C 20 cumecs

D The very high value of 200 cumecs

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15 **What is a dam used for?**

A Making rivers flow faster

B Storing water

C Creating new farmland upstream

D Stopping all flooding

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16 **Which waterfall is on the River Tees?**

A The falls of the River Clyde

B Aysgarth Falls

C Hardraw Force

D High Force

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17 **How does geology affect the landscape?**

A Geology has no effect on the land

B All rocks erode at the same rate

C Soft rock forms mountains

D Hard rock forms uplands

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18 **What is solution on a coast?**

A Sand scraping the cliff face

B Rocks hitting each other

C Rock dissolving in water

D Water forcing cracks open

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19 **What is the purpose of a flood storage area?**

A Store drinking water

B Provide land for building

C Create a new lake for fishing

D Hold floodwater

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20 **What is one problem of farming in glaciated uplands?**

A Very warm climate

B Too many roads for tractors

C Thin soils

D Too much flat land

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21 **What is the impact of tourism on coastal landscapes?**

A Cleaner beaches

B Less litter on the beaches

C Footpath erosion

D More sand dunes

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22 **Which river process is the wearing away of the river bed and banks?**

A Transportation

B Erosion

C Weathering of the valley sides

D Deposition

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23 **Which rock is granite an example of?**

- A Metamorphic
- B A soft rock that erodes easily
- C Igneous
- D Sedimentary

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24 **Which process wears away a cliff when waves throw sand at it?**

- A Solution in the sea water
- B Hydraulic action
- C Attrition
- D Abrasion

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25

Why do people visit glaciated upland landscapes?

A Flat land for cycling races

B Large shopping centres

C Warm beaches

D Scenery and walking

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Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1.	C	**10.**	A	**19.**	D
2.	D	**11.**	B	**20.**	C
3.	D	**12.**	D	**21.**	C
4.	B	**13.**	B	**22.**	B
5.	A	**14.**	B	**23.**	C
6.	B	**15.**	B	**24.**	D
7.	A	**16.**	D	**25.**	D
8.	D	**17.**	D		
9.	A	**18.**	C		

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