ENGLAND GCSE GEOGRAPHY OCR · UNIT 1 · 25 QUESTIONS

Living in the UK Today: Landscapes of the UK — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button so it can be fixed.

1

A letter is posted from a village in the Lake District. Which is the largest national park in England?

A North York Moors

B Dartmoor

C Peak District

D Lake District

Understand It with Pulse

Flag a mistake

2 **Autumn leaves fall in a forest. What is the name for the material left behind by a glacier?**

- A Alluvium
- B Scree on a slope
- C Moraine in a ridge
- D Till

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **A lighthouse is seen from a beach. What is the name for a ridge of sand across a bay?**

- A Spit
- B Bar
- C Sand dune
- D Tombolo

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **A bicycle is left by a river bank. What is the name for the bend in a river?**

- A Levee
- B Oxbow lake
- C Meander
- D Waterfall

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **A teapot steams in a farmhouse kitchen. What is the green belt?**

- A Protected land around cities
- B Farmland
- C Area for building houses and roads
- D Park in a city

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **A market stall stands in a town in the Dales. What is the name for the area drained by a river?**

- A Drainage basin
- B The land beside a river
- C Floodplain
- D Watershed

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **What is a tributary?**

- A Main river
- B River mouth
- C Small stream in the hills in winter
- D Smaller river joining a larger one

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

8 **Which rock type is formed from layers of sediment?**

A Metamorphic

B Rock formed by heat

C Sedimentary

D Igneous

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9 **Why are glaciated landscapes popular with tourists?**

A Scenic beauty

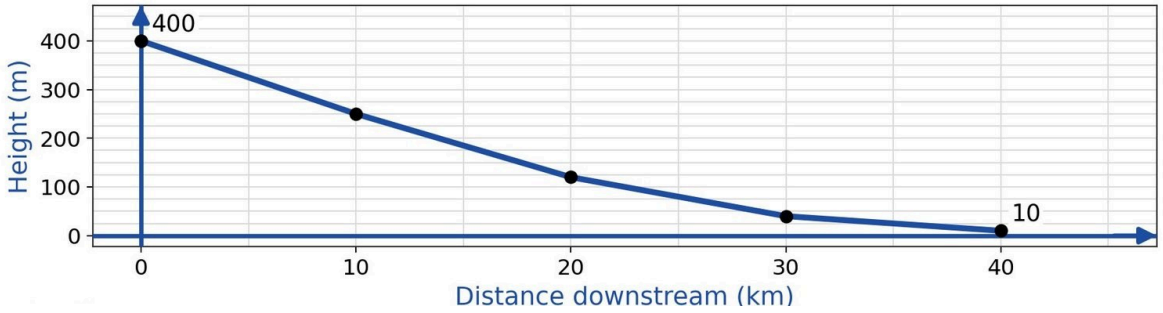
B Flat land for building

C Good farming

D Warm climate

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10 **The graph shows the height of a river long profile from source to mouth. What is the height at the mouth?**



A 10 m

B 400 m

C 120 m

D The very low height of 40 m

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **What is the name for a bar joining an island to the mainland?**

- A Bar
- B Tombolo
- C Sand dune
- D Spit

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **Why do tourists visit the Lake District?**

- A Scenery
- B Nightlife
- C Warm weather
- D Shopping

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **How can human impact on landscapes be reduced?**

A More building

B Ignoring the impact on nature

C More farming

D Sustainable management

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **What is a levee beside a river?**

A Waterfall

B Delta

C Floodplain beside the river in flood

D Natural bank beside a river

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **What is the name for the process that breaks down rock in place?**

A The transport of rock

B Deposition

C Weathering

D Erosion

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **What is a moraine?**

A Ridge of glacial debris

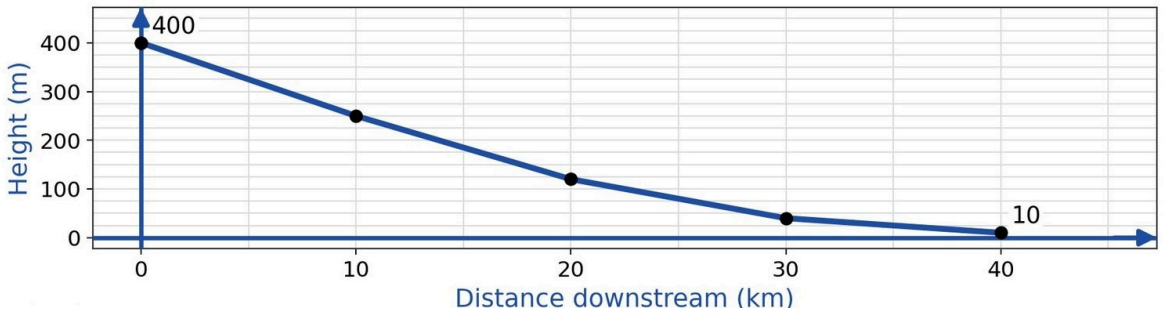
B Lake in a valley

C Sharp ridge

D Bowl shaped hollow in the hills

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **The graph shows the height of a river long profile from source to mouth. What happens to the height as the river flows downstream?**



A It rises and falls in a pattern

B It stays the same

C It falls

D It rises

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **What is the name for the flat rock left when a cliff retreats?**

- A Stack
- B Wave cut platform
- C Beach of sand by the sea
- D Arch

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **How can footpath erosion be reduced?**

- A Repairing paths
- B Building more paths
- C Letting paths wear away
- D Closing paths

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **What is the problem with straightening rivers?**

A More wildlife

B Cleaner water

C Flooding downstream

D Less flooding in the river

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **What is the name for the study of rocks and the Earth?**

A Geology

B Geography

C The study of rivers

D Meteorology

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **What does the word glacier mean?**

A Frozen lake

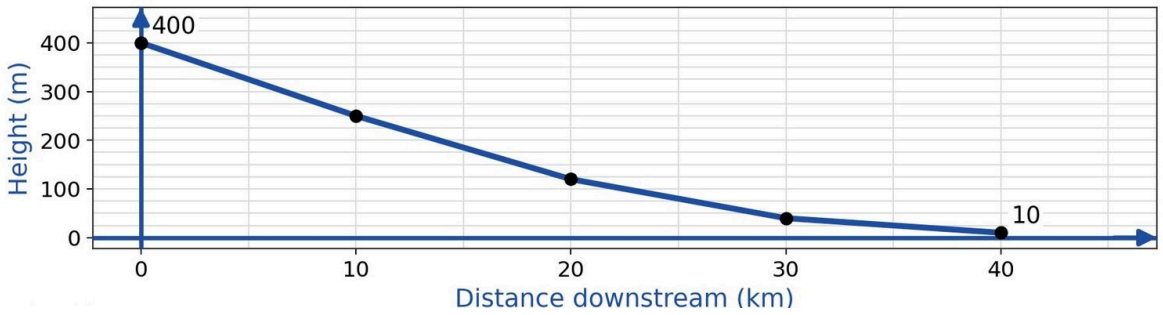
B Snow field

C River of water

D Moving ice

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **The graph shows the height of a river long profile from source to mouth. What is the height at the source?**



A 120 m

B The very low height of 40 m

C 10 m

D 400 m

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **Which is the fastest eroding coast in the UK?**

A Cornwall

B Kent

C The coast of North Wales

D Holderness

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **How does farming change the landscape?**

A Fields and hedges

B Forests grow back

C Wildlife increases

D Rivers get cleaner

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1.	D	**10.**	A	**19.**	A
2.	D	**11.**	B	**20.**	C
3.	A	**12.**	A	**21.**	A
4.	C	**13.**	D	**22.**	D
5.	A	**14.**	D	**23.**	D
6.	A	**15.**	C	**24.**	D
7.	D	**16.**	A	**25.**	A
8.	C	**17.**	C		
9.	A	**18.**	B		

© 2026 Brett Robbins. All Rights Reserved.