ENGLAND GCSE HISTORY AQA · UNIT 2 · 25 QUESTIONS

Conflict and Tension: The First World War, 1894-1918 — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button so it can be fixed.

1 **Which Christmas event of 1914 saw soldiers play football in no mans land?**

A The Battle of the Somme

B The Christmas Truce

C The Easter Rising in Dublin

D The Gallipoli landings

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2 **Where were wounded soldiers treated near the front?**

A Prisoner camps in Germany

B Casualty clearing stations

C Field kitchens behind the lines

D Naval hospitals on ships

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3 **What did official war photographers record in the First World War?**

A Life at the front

B Secret plans of the enemy

C Maps of German trenches

D Private letters of generals

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4 **Which material was used to build many war memorials after 1918?**

- A Iron
- B Wood
- C Glass
- D Stone

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5 **Which group of people were interned as enemy aliens in Britain?**

- A Germans living in Britain
- B French refugees in London
- C Irish workers in Liverpool
- D Belgian soldiers in Britain

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6 **What did people in Britain celebrate in November 1918?**

- A The end of the war
- B A new king taking the throne
- C The start of the war
- D A royal wedding in London

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7 **What was the main lesson the British learned from the Somme?**

- A Cavalry should lead every attack
- B Artillery alone could not win
- C Tanks were useless in every battle
- D Gas was the only weapon that worked

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8 **Which empire joined the Central Powers in November 1914?**

A The Ottoman Empire

B The British Empire

C The Russian Empire

D The Austro Hungarian Empire

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9 **What was no man's land in the First World War?**

A A safe area behind the lines

B A German fortress on the French coast

C A hospital camp for wounded soldiers

D Ground between the trenches

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10 **On which day in November 1918 did the fighting stop?**

A 1 November

B 21 November

C 11 November

D 30 November

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11 **What was the result of the Battle of Jutland in 1916?**

A A decisive German victory

B No clear winner

C The destruction of both fleets

D A decisive British victory

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12 **Which troops fought alongside the British at Gallipoli in 1915?**

A Japanese troops

B Russian troops

C American troops

D ANZAC troops

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13 **What was the main aim of the Schlieffen Plan?**

A Defeat France quickly

B Invade Britain by sea

C Attack Russia before France

D Defend the German colonies

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14 **What was the main cause of death for soldiers in the trenches apart from wounds?**

- A Disease
- B Drowning in the trenches
- C Starvation
- D Old age

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15 **What was the Zimmermann Telegram of 1917?**

- A A Russian plea for peace with Germany
- B A German offer to Mexico
- C An American declaration of war
- D A British plan to invade Germany

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16 **What did Germany use to attack British merchant ships from 1917?**

A Battleships

B Mines laid by soldiers

C U-boats

D Aeroplanes

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17 **Which battle of 1916 saw the French hold a fortress town against a long German attack?**

A The Somme

B Verdun

C Jutland

D Passchendaele

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18 **What was the name of the agreement that ended the fighting in November 1918?**

A The League of Nations Covenant

B The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk

C The Treaty of Versailles

D The Armistice

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19 **What did the Defence of the Realm Act allow the British government to do?**

A Hold elections every month

B End the war by making peace

C Control daily life

D Abolish the monarchy in Britain

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20 **Which four long term causes of the First World War are remembered by the letters MAIN?**

A Militarism, Alliances, Imperialism, Nationalism

B Money, Armies, Industry, Navy

C Monarchy, Army, Industry, Nationalism

D Militarism, Alliances, Imperialism, Nationalism and the assassination in Sarajevo

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21 **What was the main job of the Royal Flying Corps in the First World War?**

A Sinking German battleships

B Carrying troops to France

C Reconnaissance

D Dropping atomic bombs

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22 **What happened to the Austro-Hungarian Empire after the First World War?**

A It joined with Germany

B It became a Communist state

C It broke apart

D It grew much larger

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23 **In which year did the Battle of the Somme take place?**

A 1915

B 1917

C 1914

D 1916

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24 **Which alliance joined Britain, France and Russia before 1914?**

A Central Powers

B Triple Alliance

C Triple Entente

D League of Nations

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25 **Which battle in September 1914 stopped the German advance on Paris?**

A Ypres

B The Somme

C Verdun

D The Marne

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ANSWER KEY

1.	B	**10.**	C	**19.**	C
2.	B	**11.**	B	**20.**	A
3.	A	**12.**	D	**21.**	C
4.	D	**13.**	A	**22.**	C
5.	A	**14.**	A	**23.**	D
6.	A	**15.**	B	**24.**	C
7.	B	**16.**	C	**25.**	D
8.	A	**17.**	B		
9.	D	**18.**	D		

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