ENGLAND GCSE RELIGIOUS STUDIES OCR · UNIT 4 · 25 QUESTIONS

Religion, Peace and Conflict, and Dialogue Between Religious and Non-Religious Beliefs — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **A crescent moon shines above a mosque during a festival of peace. What do Muslims and Christians share at such festivals?**

- A A belief in the Trinity
- B A belief in the resurrection, in some situations
- C A belief in the sacraments
- D A hope for peace between peoples

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2 **Candles are lit at a vigil for peace. What does the light of the candles symbolise?**

- A The power of weapons
- B Hope for peace
- C The defeat of enemies
- D The end of prayer

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3 **A Bible lies open at the story of the Good Samaritan. What does the story teach about neighbours?**

- A Neighbours include people of other faiths and backgrounds
- B Neighbours are only friends
- C Neighbours are only fellow Christians, which can happen in some cases
- D Neighbours are only family

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4 **A Quran is read by a Muslim friend at an interfaith meeting. What do Christians and Muslims share in belief?**

- A Belief in the Trinity
- B Belief in one God
- C Belief in the resurrection
- D Belief in the sacraments

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5 **A church hall is shared with a Muslim youth group for a charity meal. What does this show?**

- A Faiths must merge into one, which can happen in some cases
- B Faiths must stay apart
- C Faiths must compete
- D Faiths can work together for the good of others

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6 **A mosque opens its doors for a visit by a school group. What is the aim of the visit?**

- A To end dialogue
- B To close the mosque
- C To convert the pupils, in some situations
- D To learn about Muslim life and worship

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7 **What is Article 9 of the European Convention on Human Rights?**

- A The right to education
- B The right to a fair trial, which can happen in some cases
- C The right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion
- D The right to free speech

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8 **Which Christians are known for pacifism?**

A Anglicans

B Quakers

C Roman Catholics

D Methodists

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9 **What is the just war condition of right intention?**

A War must be fought for wealth, in some situations

B War must be fought for land

C War must be fought for justice, not revenge

D War must be fought for glory

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10 **What is the difference between a just war and terrorism?**

A Terrorism follows rules

B Just war targets civilians, which is one possibility in some situations

C Just war follows rules and terrorism targets civilians to spread fear

D They are the same thing

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11 **What does the Bible say about loving the stranger?**

A Judge the stranger, in some situations

B Love the stranger as yourself

C Fear the stranger

D Avoid the stranger

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12 **What is the Christian teaching on loving your neighbour in a multi faith society?**

A Love ends at the church door

B Love extends only to Christians, in some situations

C Love extends to people of all faiths

D Love extends only to family

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13 **What does the Golden Rule encourage in relations between faiths?**

A Ignoring other faiths

B Judging other faiths

C Respect and kindness to others

D Forcing others to agree, in some situations

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14 **What is blasphemy?**

A Worshipping God

B Speaking kindly about God, which can happen in some cases

C Speaking disrespectfully about God or sacred things

D Praying to God

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15 **What is the Christian view of martyrdom?**

A Dying for faith is a sacrament, in some situations

B Dying for faith is required

C Dying for faith is honoured but not sought

D Dying for faith is forbidden

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16 **What is the role of forgiveness after war?**

A It punishes the victims

B It rewards the wrongdoer

C It forgets the harm done, which can happen in some cases

D It helps former enemies live together in peace

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17 **What is an example of interfaith work in the UK?**

A Faith groups working together on food banks

B Faith groups banning dialogue

C Faith groups working alone

D Faith groups fighting each other, in some situations

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18 **What is justice?**

A Treating friends better

B Treating the rich better

C Treating people as they deserve punishment only

D Treating people fairly and rightly

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19 **What do atheists say about morality?**

A Right and wrong are decided by law only, in some situations

B Right and wrong can be worked out by reason

C Right and wrong do not exist

D Right and wrong come from God

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20 **What is the Christian view of violence in self defence?**

A Many Christians allow it in limited cases

B All Christians forbid it

C No Christian allows it

D All Christians require it, in some situations

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21 **What is last resort in just war theory?**

A All peaceful options must be tried first

B War must be the first option

C Peace must never be tried

D War must be tried before talks, in some situations

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22 **What is the difference between evangelism and dialogue?**

A Dialogue forces conversion

B They are the same thing

C Evangelism listens and dialogue shares, in some situations

D Evangelism shares faith and dialogue listens and learns

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23 **What is interfaith dialogue?**

A Silence between people of different faiths

B Argument between people of different faiths

C Conversation between people of different faiths

D Conversation between people of the same faith, in some situations

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24 **What do humanists believe about the afterlife?**

- A There is no life after death
- B There is judgement by God
- C There is heaven for the good
- D There is rebirth

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25 **What is the role of chaplains in the armed forces?**

- A To give spiritual support to soldiers
- B To lead soldiers into battle, in some situations
- C To plan military strategy
- D To punish soldiers

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ANSWER KEY

1. D
2. B
3. A
4. B
5. D
6. D
7. C
8. B
9. C
10. C
11. B
12. C
13. C
14. C
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. D
19. B
20. A
21. A
22. D
23. C
24. A
25. A

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