Canada as an Industrialized Nation — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **Canada became a dominion through Confederation in the year**

- A 1867
- B 1812
- C 1905
- D 1949

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2 **The first prime minister of Canada was**

- A John A Macdonald
- B Wilfrid Laurier
- C Robert Borden
- D William Lyon Mackenzie King

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3 **The original four provinces at Confederation were Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and**

- A Manitoba
- B British Columbia
- C Nova Scotia
- D Prince Edward Island

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **The National Policy of 1879 promoted tariffs, western settlement and a transcontinental**

- A canal
- B telegraph only
- C highway
- D railway

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **The Canadian Pacific Railway was completed in the year**

- A 1885
- B 1867
- C 1905
- D 1914

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **The last spike of the Canadian Pacific Railway was driven at**

A Winnipeg

B Craigellachie

C Montreal

D Vancouver

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **British Columbia joined Confederation in 1871 on the promise of a**

A gold rush

B fishing fleet

C railway to the Pacific

D university

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8 **Manitoba entered Confederation in 1870 following the resistance led by**

A John A Macdonald

B Wilfrid Laurier

C Gabriel Dumont

D Louis Riel

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9 **The Red River Resistance of 1869 to 1870 defended Metis land rights and led to the Manitoba**

A Act

B Treaty

C Railway

D Tariff

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10 **The Mounted Police, now the RCMP, were created in 1873 to bring order to the**

- A Maritimes
- B West
- C St Lawrence Valley
- D Arctic coast

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11 **Industrial growth in late nineteenth century Canada was centred on factories in Ontario and**

- A Manitoba
- B Saskatchewan
- C Quebec
- D Alberta

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12 **The Klondike Gold Rush of 1898 drew prospectors to the**

A Northwest Territories

B Labrador

C Peace River

D Yukon

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13 **Homesteaders on the Prairies were offered free land if they farmed it for a set period under the Dominion Lands**

A Act

B Tariff

C Treaty

D Charter

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **Prairie settlement was encouraged by immigration from Britain, Europe and the**

A Caribbean

B United States

C Australia

D Japan only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **Wheat became the main export crop of the Prairies in the early twentieth**

A decade of the 1600s

B period of New France

C century

D years of the fur trade

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **Industrialization drew many Canadians from farms to**

A fishing villages

B mining camps only

C forest camps only

D cities

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17 **Labour unions in industrial Canada sought better wages, shorter hours and safer**

A working conditions

B tariff rates

C railway fares

D immigration quotas

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18 **The Winnipeg General Strike took place in the year**

A 1885

B 1919

C 1939

D 1967

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Passage Two: The National Policy

Use this reading for questions 19 to 21.

The National Policy, introduced in 1879, used high tariffs to protect Canadian manufacturers from American competition. It also promoted settlement of the West and the building of a railway across the continent.

19 **According to Passage Two, the National Policy used tariffs to protect which sector**

- A American farming
- B British shipping
- C Canadian manufacturing
- D French fishing

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20 **According to Passage Two, the National Policy promoted settlement of the**

- A Maritimes
- B St Lawrence Valley
- C North Shore
- D West

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **According to Passage Two, the railway promoted by the National Policy crossed the**

- A continent
- B Atlantic Ocean
- C Great Lakes only
- D Arctic Ocean

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **The Canadian Northern Railway and Grand Trunk Pacific were rivals of the**

A Hudson Bay Company

B Canadian Pacific Railway

C National Policy

D Winnipeg Strike

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **Child labour in early factories was common until laws limited working ages and**

A wages for adults

B tariffs

C hours

D immigration

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **Urban growth in industrial Canada brought crowded housing, public health problems and demands for**

A more tariffs

B fewer schools

C closed factories

D municipal services

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **The Laurier era, from 1896 to 1911, is remembered for immigration, railway building and**

A western settlement

B Confederation debates

C fur trade expansion

D seigneurial reform

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. A
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. C
24. D
25. A

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