FINAL EXAM - PRACTICE TEST | NEW BRUNSWICK ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS 111-112 · FINAL EXAM · 50 QUESTIONS

Final Exam — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **What does purpose mean?**

- A The level of formality suited to a situation and listeners
- B A question that checks meaning before replying
- C The reason for speaking, such as to inform or persuade
- D Facts or examples that support a point in discussion

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **Which definition best fits simile?**

- A A comparison using like or as
- B A direct comparison without like or as
- C Giving human qualities to a nonhuman thing
- D The time and place in which a story happens

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **Which definition best fits topic sentence?**

- A A sentence stating the main idea of a paragraph
- B A fact or example that backs a main idea
- C Improving ideas, order, and clarity in a draft
- D Correcting grammar, spelling, and punctuation

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **Which definition best fits layout?**

- A The viewers a visual text is made for
- B The main idea a visual text communicates
- C How elements are arranged on a page or screen
- D An image that stands for a larger idea

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **What is meant by clarifying question?**

A A question that checks meaning before replying

B Facts or examples that support a point in discussion

C A brief restatement of main points already covered

D How pitch and pace show attitude in speech

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **What is meant by setting?**

A The time and place in which a story happens

B The sequence of events in a story

C A struggle between opposing forces

D The point of greatest tension or turning point

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 Which definition best fits audience?

- A The reason for writing, such as to inform or persuade
- B The readers a piece of writing is written for
- C A plan listing main points in order
- D An opening that presents the topic and main point

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

8 Which definition best fits colour?

- A Words that explain or add to an image
- B A visual choice that creates mood and emphasis
- C A visual text designed to inform or persuade at a glance
- D A visual that combines images, charts, and short text

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9

Choose the best meaning of tone of voice:

A Waiting for a fair chance to speak in discussion

B A helpful response naming what worked and what to improve

C Giving full attention and responding thoughtfully to a speaker

D How pitch and pace show attitude in speech

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10

Choose the best meaning of climax:

A A central message or idea explored by a text

B A comparison using like or as

C A direct comparison without like or as

D The point of greatest tension or turning point

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **What is meant by introduction?**

- **A** An opening that presents the topic and main point
- **B** A closing that restates the main point
- **C** A clear main point that a piece of writing argues or explains
- **D** A sentence stating the main idea of a paragraph

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **What is meant by infographic?**

- **A** A visual that combines images, charts, and short text
- **B** The style and size of printed letters
- **C** A text that communicates through images and layout
- **D** How elements are arranged on a page or screen

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **In a discussion, which reply best builds on another speaker idea?**

A A repeat of the same point in louder words

B A sudden change of subject

C A related point that develops what was just said

D A disagreement with no reason

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

Reading I - The Fundy Walk

Use this reading for question 14.

On a grey morning in Saint John, Nora walked the harbour path with her uncle, a retired ferry worker. He pointed to the reversing falls and explained how the Bay of Fundy tides could rise higher than a four storey building. Nora stopped to watch gulls circle above the water and to listen to the rush as the tide turned.

Her uncle told her about a winter crossing when fog closed in and the crew had to trust instruments, patience, and each other. He said the sea rewarded respect, not speed. Nora thought about how her own impatience often made small problems feel larger.

By the time they reached the market, Nora had decided to slow down when she felt rushed. She bought apples for her family and thanked her uncle for a walk that had changed how she saw an ordinary morning.

14 **What can the reader infer about Nora at the end of Reading I?**

- **A** She fears the harbour completely
- **B** She plans to become a ferry captain
- **C** She chooses to slow down when she feels rushed
- **D** She dislikes her uncle stories

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **Which topic sentence best fits a paragraph about recycling?**

A Recycling is interesting

B Many things happen at school

C Bins are often green

D Recycling at school works best when bins are clear and easy to reach

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **Which layout choice best helps readers find key information?**

A Tiny text packed in one corner

B Random placement of all elements

C No headings at all

D Clear headings and space around main points

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **What does summary mean?**

A How pitch and pace show attitude in speech

B Waiting for a fair chance to speak in discussion

C A brief restatement of main points already covered

D A helpful response naming what worked and what to improve

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

Reading II - The Library Letter

Use this reading for question 18.

When Jonas moved to Fredericton, he felt out of place at his new school. In the library he found a note tucked inside a geography book. It read: welcome, new reader, this city keeps its stories in rivers and old streets. Jonas smiled, though he did not know who had written it.

Over the next weeks, Jonas followed the note like a map. He walked along the river, visited the market, and asked a librarian about local history. Each place gave him one small story, and slowly the city began to feel less strange.

At the end of term, Jonas tucked his own note into the same book for the next new student. He wrote that belonging grows one small discovery at a time.

18 **What can the reader infer about Jonas at the end of Reading II?**

- **A** He regrets moving to Fredericton
- **B** He wants the next new student to feel welcome too
- **C** He stops visiting the library
- **D** He forgets the city stories

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **Why plan before drafting?**

A A plan makes writing longer

B A plan replaces drafting

C A plan avoids revision

D A plan keeps ideas in order and focused on the thesis

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **A poster about a food drive shows an empty plate. What does the image mainly do?**

A It gives a recipe

B It lists store hours

C It shows a map

D It creates an emotional reason to give food

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **What should a speaker do when listeners look confused?**

- A Pause, clarify the point, and check understanding
- B Speak faster and move on
- C Repeat the same words louder
- D Change to an unrelated story

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **In the sentence Time is a thief, which device is used?**

- A Metaphor
- B Simile
- C Hyperbole
- D Alliteration

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **What makes a conclusion effective?**

A It introduces a new argument

B It repeats every sentence

C It restates the main point and leaves a final thought

D It asks readers to forget the essay

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **What does balance mean in a visual text?**

A Every element is the same size

B Text fills the whole page

C Elements are arranged so no side feels overloaded

D Images are always centred

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **A speaker reads every word from notes without looking up. What is the main weakness?**

- A Listeners lose connection and the talk feels flat
- B The talk is too short
- C The notes are too neat
- D The topic is too clear

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

26 **Why does an author use setting in a story?**

- A To shape mood and help readers picture events
- B To list every character name
- C To state the theme directly
- D To shorten the plot

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

27 **What is the best order for the writing process?**

A Edit, plan, draft, publish

B Plan, draft, revise, edit, publish

C Publish, draft, revise, plan

D Draft, publish, plan, edit

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

28 **What is a storyboard?**

A A finished film

B A planned sequence of images and notes for a visual piece

C A list of actors

D A type of camera

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

29 **What does eye contact mainly help a speaker do?**

A Read notes faster

B Speak in a lower voice

C Finish sooner than planned

D Connect with listeners and hold their attention

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

30 **What is the main purpose of a summary of a reading?**

A To copy the whole text

B To add new opinions only

C To list every detail

D To restate main ideas briefly in your own words

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

31 **What is meant by coherence?**

A Ideas linked clearly so writing flows logically

B A word or phrase linking ideas or paragraphs

C Facts, examples, or quotations supporting a claim

D A note showing the source of borrowed ideas

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

32 **What is meant by contrast?**

A A clear difference that makes an element stand out

B Making the most important element most noticeable

C A pleasing arrangement of visual elements

D A viewpoint that shapes how a scene is seen

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

33 Which definition best fits main point?

- A A specific fact or example that backs a main point
- B The central idea a speaker wants listeners to remember
- C Disagreeing with reasons while valuing the speaker
- D A clear start stating the topic and its importance

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

34 Which definition best fits mood?

- A The voice that tells a story
- B The feeling a text creates in the reader
- C An object that stands for a larger idea
- D Hints about what will happen later

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

35 **Choose the best meaning of citation:**

A An early version of a piece of writing

B A writer distinctive tone and style

C Ideas linked clearly so writing flows logically

D A note showing the source of borrowed ideas

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

36 **Choose the best meaning of perspective:**

A A text combining words, images, and sound

B A large title that draws attention to a text

C A clear difference that makes an element stand out

D A viewpoint that shapes how a scene is seen

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

37 **What is meant by presentation opening?**

A A clear start stating the topic and its importance

B A closing that restates the main point and ends clearly

C Gestures and posture that add meaning to spoken words

D The central idea a speaker wants listeners to remember

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

38 **What is meant by foreshadowing?**

A Hints about what will happen later

B The writer attitude toward the subject

C The feeling a text creates in the reader

D The voice that tells a story

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

39

What is the purpose of a draft?

A To produce a perfect final copy at once

B To avoid planning

C To get ideas down so they can be improved

D To skip revision

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

40

What makes a video thumbnail effective?

A A blurry image with no text

B A long paragraph on the image

C A clear image and short text hinting at the topic

D An unrelated stock photo

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

41 **Which behaviour harms a group discussion most?**

A Asking a short follow up question

B Taking brief notes while listening

C Pausing before replying

D Interrupting others before they finish a point

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

Reading III - The Winter Garden

Use this reading for question 42.

Mara kept a winter garden in pots on her windowsill in Moncton. While snow covered the yard, her herbs grew slowly in the light. Her grandmother had taught her that care is mostly patience, water, and attention to small changes.

One cold week, Mara forgot to water the pots and two plants wilted. Instead of giving up, she trimmed the dry leaves, watered carefully, and waited. Within days, new green shoots appeared beside the old stems.

Mara learned that a setback is not always an ending. With steady care, something damaged can recover, and the recovery itself can teach more than easy success.

42 **What can the reader infer about Mara grandmother teaching?**

- **A** Gardens need no water in winter
- **B** Herbs grow best in snow
- **C** Setbacks always end growth
- **D** Care is mostly patience, water, and attention

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

43 **Why vary sentence length in writing?**

A Long sentences are always better

B Short sentences are always better

C Variety keeps rhythm natural and ideas clear

D Variety confuses readers

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

44 **Why use white space in a layout?**

A It wastes paper

B It hides information

C It separates ideas and helps readers focus

D It makes text smaller

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

45 **Which is the best response to evidence you disagree with?**

- A Ignore the evidence completely
- B Attack the person who gave it
- C Explain why the evidence is weak, with a reason
- D Repeat your own claim louder

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

46 **Which is the best evidence for a claim about a character?**

- A A guess about the character future
- B The cover of the book
- C An action or statement by that character in the text
- D A reader personal opinion

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

47 **What is the best way to end a paragraph?**

- A A sudden new topic
- B A sentence linking the idea to the next point
- C A repeated first sentence
- D No ending at all

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

48 **Which is the best caption for a photo of a harbour at dawn?**

- A A photo
- B Dawn light over the working harbour
- C Untitled image number four
- D Harbour stuff

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

49 **Why is pace important in a spoken talk?**

- **A** A fast pace shows confidence always
- **B** A steady pace helps listeners follow ideas
- **C** A slow pace always bores listeners
- **D** Pace has no effect on meaning

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

50 **What is the best way to compare two poems?**

- **A** Count lines in each poem
- **B** Compare theme, imagery, and tone in each
- **C** Choose the shorter poem
- **D** Read only the titles

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. C
2. A
3. A
4. C
5. A
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. D
10. D
11. A
12. A
13. C
14. C
15. D
16. D
17. C
18. B
19. D
20. D
21. A
22. A
23. C
24. C
25. A
26. A
27. B
28. B
29. D
30. D
31. A
32. A
33. B
34. B
35. D
36. D
37. A
38. A
39. C
40. C
41. D
42. D
43. C
44. C
45. C
46. C
47. B
48. B
49. B
50. B

© 2026 Brett Robbins. All Rights Reserved.