PRIVATE LAW IN CANADA - PRACTICE TEST | NEW BRUNSWICK LAW 120 · UNIT B · 25 QUESTIONS

Private Law in Canada — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **Private law governs relations between**

- A individuals
- B states only
- C governments only
- D armies

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **Contract law is a branch of**

- A private law
- B criminal law
- C constitutional law
- D international law

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **A valid contract generally requires offer, acceptance, consideration and intention to create legal**

- A profits
- B friendship
- C relations
- D employment only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **Consideration in contract law means something of value given in exchange for a**

- A gift only
- B loan only
- C job
- D promise

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **A contract made by a person under duress may be**

A voidable

B automatically valid

C criminal

D international

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **A minor contract is generally not enforceable against the minor except for**

A luxuries

B necessaries

C gifts

D loans

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **In contract law, a breach occurs when a party fails to perform as**

A expected by friends

B requested by police

C promised

D ordered by a court only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

8 **Damages in contract law aim mainly to put the injured party in the position they would have been in if the contract had been**

A signed

B witnessed

C registered

D performed

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9 **Tort law deals with civil wrongs that cause harm to a person or**

A property

B government

C treaty

D contract only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10 **Negligence requires a duty of care, breach of that duty, causation and**

A intent

B damages

C a contract

D a crime

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **The standard of care in negligence is that of a reasonable**

- A expert
- B child
- C person
- D judge

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **In Donoghue v Stevenson, the court recognized a duty of care owed to a consumer by a**

- A retailer only
- B government only
- C doctor only
- D manufacturer

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **Defamation is a tort involving a false statement that harms a persons**

A reputation

B property

C contract

D health only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **Libel is defamation in a permanent form, such as writing, while slander is defamation in**

A written form

B spoken form

C printed form

D secret form

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **Trespass to land is entering another persons land without**

A a map

B a vehicle

C permission

D notice to police

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **Nuisance in tort law involves unreasonable interference with the use and enjoyment of**

A a contract

B a job

C a reputation

D land

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

Passage Two: Contracts

Use this reading for questions 17 to 18.

A contract is an agreement that the law will enforce. To be valid it generally needs an offer, acceptance, consideration, and an intention to create legal relations. Consideration is something of value given in exchange for a promise.

17 **According to Passage Two, a contract needs offer, acceptance, consideration and an intention to create legal relations, and consideration means something of**

A value in exchange

B interest only

C friendship

D goodwill only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **According to Passage Two, a contract is an agreement that the law will**

A suggest

B enforce

C record only

D witness only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **Family law in Canada deals with marriage, divorce, custody, support and division of**

A criminal sentences

B treaties

C property

D taxes only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **In Canada, divorce is governed federally by the Divorce**

- A Code
- B Charter
- C Treaty
- D Act

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **Child support is based mainly on the needs of the child and the income of the paying**

- A parent
- B grandparent
- C state
- D school

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **Custody decisions are made in the best interests of the**

A parent

B child

C court

D school

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **This branch of law deals with ownership, possession and use of real and personal**

A contracts

B torts

C property

D crimes

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **Real property means land and buildings, while personal property means movable**

A contracts

B debts

C rights only

D things

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **A will is a legal document stating how a persons property is to be distributed after**

A death

B marriage

C divorce

D bankruptcy

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. A
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. C
24. D
25. A

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