REVOLUTION - PRACTICE TEST | NEW BRUNSWICK MODERN HISTORY 111-112 · UNIT A · 25 QUESTIONS

Revolution — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **What is meant by revolution?**

- A Ideas stressing reason, rights, and limits on power
- B A rapid, fundamental change in political or social order
- C A social order ranking clergy, nobles, and commoners
- D Freedom from unjust control, claimed as a right

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **Which definition best fits Enlightenment?**

- A A social order ranking clergy, nobles, and commoners
- B Ideas stressing reason, rights, and limits on power
- C Freedom from unjust control, claimed as a right
- D Supreme authority to govern a state

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **What does estate system mean?**

A Freedom from unjust control, claimed as a right

B Supreme authority to govern a state

C A social order ranking clergy, nobles, and commoners

D A state governed by elected representatives, not a monarch

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **Choose the best meaning of liberty:**

A Supreme authority to govern a state

B A state governed by elected representatives, not a monarch

C A formal public statement of principles or grievances

D Freedom from unjust control, claimed as a right

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **What is meant by sovereignty?**

- A Supreme authority to govern a state
- B A state governed by elected representatives, not a monarch
- C A formal public statement of principles or grievances
- D Money raised by government, often a cause of protest

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **Which definition best fits republic?**

- A A formal public statement of principles or grievances
- B A state governed by elected representatives, not a monarch
- C Money raised by government, often a cause of protest
- D Rule by a king or queen, often hereditary

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **What does declaration mean?**

- A Money raised by government, often a cause of protest
- B Rule by a king or queen, often hereditary
- C A formal public statement of principles or grievances
- D Change meant to improve a system without overthrowing it

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

8 **Choose the best meaning of taxation:**

- A Rule by a king or queen, often hereditary
- B Change meant to improve a system without overthrowing it
- C A rapid, fundamental change in political or social order
- D Money raised by government, often a cause of protest

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9

What is meant by monarchy?

A Rule by a king or queen, often hereditary

B Change meant to improve a system without overthrowing it

C A rapid, fundamental change in political or social order

D Ideas stressing reason, rights, and limits on power

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10

Which definition best fits reform?

A A rapid, fundamental change in political or social order

B Change meant to improve a system without overthrowing it

C Ideas stressing reason, rights, and limits on power

D A social order ranking clergy, nobles, and commoners

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **Which idea most influenced the French Revolution?**

A A belief that kings rule by magic

B A plan to end all trade

C Enlightenment ideas about rights and reason

D A wish to restore feudal dues

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **What was a main cause of the French Revolution?**

A Too much rain in Paris

B A shortage of books

C Peace with all neighbours

D Unfair taxes and privilege for the top estates

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **What did the storming of the Bastille in 1789 symbolize?**

- A Popular challenge to royal authority
- B A military victory abroad
- C The end of all taxes
- D The start of a new calendar

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **In the American Revolution, what did colonists protest?**

- A A ban on farming
- B Taxation without representation in Parliament
- C A shortage of ships
- D A new royal palace

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **What document stated that all men are created equal?**

A The Magna Carta of 1215

B The Treaty of Versailles

C The United States Declaration of Independence

D The Charter of the United Nations

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **Why did Enlightenment thinkers criticize absolute monarchy?**

A It taxed too little

B It allowed too many elections

C It banned all religion

D It concentrated unchecked power in one ruler

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **What was the Third Estate in pre revolutionary France?**

A Commoners, most of the population, with little power

B The king and his family

C Foreign merchants only

D The army generals

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **Which change followed many revolutions?**

A A return to the exact old order

B New constitutions limiting rulers and stating rights

C An end to all government

D A ban on all laws

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **What role did pamphlets and newspapers play in revolutions?**

A They stopped all debate

B They replaced armies

C They spread ideas and mobilized support

D They ended literacy

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **Why study revolutions comparatively?**

A To prove all revolutions are identical

B To memorize dates only

C To avoid studying causes

D To see common causes and different outcomes

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **Which statement about revolution is most accurate?**

A A revolution changes political order, not just leaders

B A revolution only changes a flag

C A revolution always brings peace at once

D A revolution never affects ordinary people

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **What did the French Declaration of the Rights of Man assert?**

A That only nobles had rights

B Rights such as liberty, property, and resistance to oppression

C That taxes must rise forever

D That France would leave Europe

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **How did the American Revolution affect ideas elsewhere?**

- A Its ideas were ignored everywhere
- B It ended monarchy worldwide at once
- C Its republican ideas inspired later movements
- D It banned constitutions

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **What is a common trigger of revolution?**

- A A period of total contentment
- B A new royal celebration
- C A sudden abundance of food
- D A crisis that makes old grievances feel unbearable

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **In a revolution, what distinguishes reform from revolution?**

A Reform improves a system, revolution replaces its order

B Reform is always violent

C Revolution never changes laws

D They mean exactly the same thing

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. B
2. B
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. C
24. D
25. A

© 2026 Brett Robbins. All Rights Reserved.