Interdependence — Practice Test

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1 **Sustainable development meets present requirements without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own**

- A wants
- B needs
- C trade
- D growth

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2 **The Sustainable Development Goals, adopted in 2015, set 17 global goals for ending poverty, protecting the planet and ensuring peace and**

- A trade
- B growth
- C prosperity
- D security only

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3 **Interdependence means a crisis in one place can become a crisis elsewhere, so solutions often require international**

- A competition
- B isolation
- C sanctions only
- D cooperation

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4 **A global commons is a resource shared by all, such as the oceans, atmosphere and outer**

A space

B land

C rivers

D forests only

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5 **Protecting a global commons requires collective action, because no single country can solve the problem**

A quickly

B alone

C cheaply

D by law only

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6 **Economic interdependence can promote peace by raising the cost of conflict, but it can also create**

A wealth

B stability

C vulnerability

D growth

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7 **Resilience in an interdependent world means systems can adapt to shocks such as pandemics, wars or climate**

A elections

B summits

C treaties

D events

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8 **A trade deficit occurs when a country imports more than it**

- A exports
- B produces
- C consumes
- D invests

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9 **A trade surplus occurs when a country exports more than it**

- A produces
- B imports
- C consumes
- D invests

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10 **Currency exchange rates affect the price of imports and exports, because a weaker currency makes exports cheaper for foreign**

A sellers

B governments

C buyers

D banks

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ANSWER KEY

1.	B	**5.**	B	**9.**	B
2.	C	**6.**	C	**10.**	C
3.	D	**7.**	D		
4.	A	**8.**	A		

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