NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR CANADIAN LAW 2204 · UNIT A · 25 QUESTIONS

Foundations of Law — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **Which term matches this description: everyone follows the same laws?**

- A rule of law
- B the supreme law of Canada
- C the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms
- D a written law passed by a legislature

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2 **What is the main meaning of Constitution?**



A Charter

B the supreme law of Canada

C statute

D common law

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3 **Which term matches this description: the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms?**



- **A** a written law passed by a legislature
- **B** law from past court decisions
- **C** Charter
- **D** a past decision guiding later cases

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4 **What is the main meaning of statute?**

A common law

B precedent

C division of powers

D a written law passed by a legislature

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5 **Which term matches this description: law from past court decisions?**

A common law

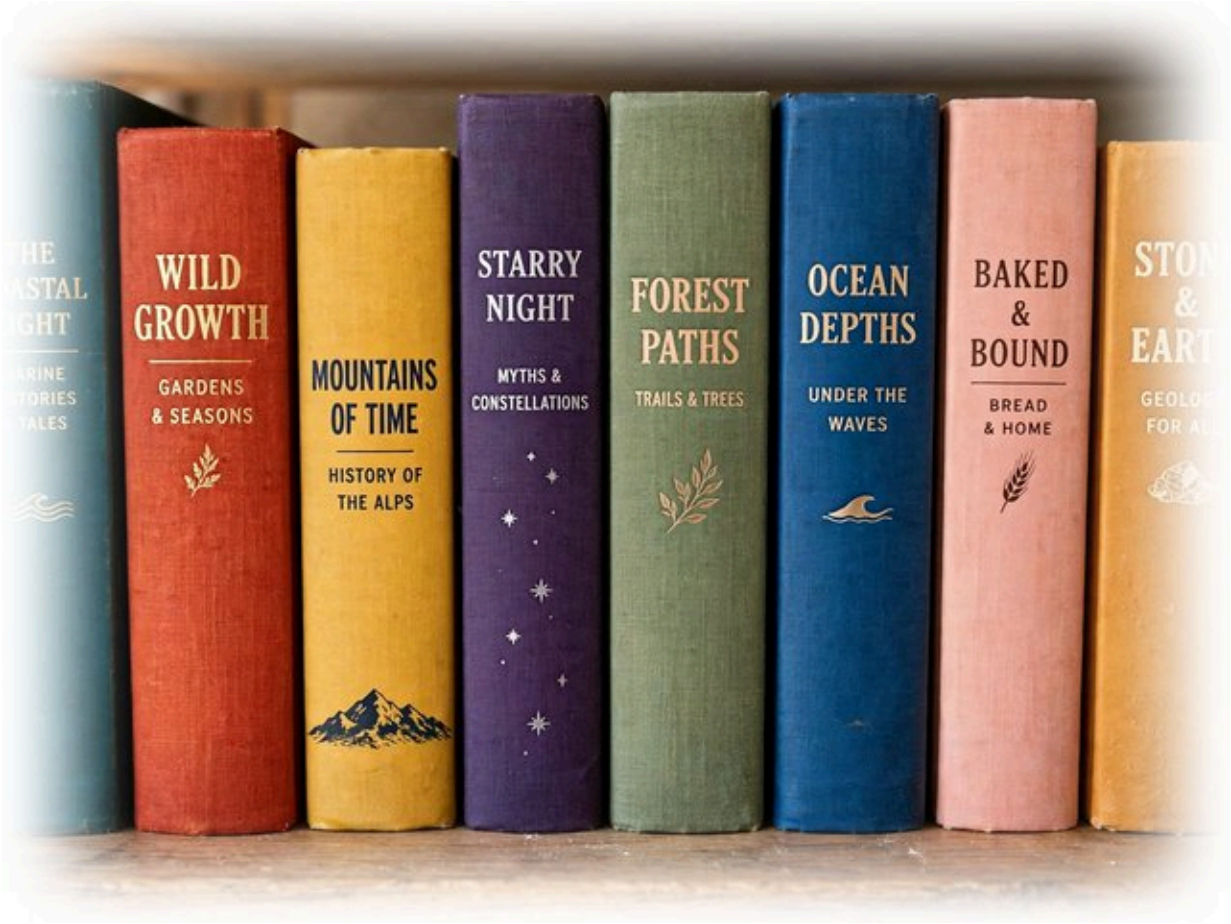
B a past decision guiding later cases

C federal and provincial powers divided

D areas controlled by Parliament

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6 **What is the main meaning of precedent?**



A division of powers

B a past decision guiding later cases

C federal jurisdiction

D provincial jurisdiction

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7 **Which term matches this description: federal and provincial powers divided?**

- A areas controlled by Parliament
- B areas controlled by provinces
- C division of powers
- D trial appeal and supreme courts

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8 **What is the main meaning of federal jurisdiction?**

- A provincial jurisdiction
- B court levels
- C judge
- D areas controlled by Parliament

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9 **Which term matches this description: areas controlled by provinces?**

- A provincial jurisdiction
- B trial appeal and supreme courts
- C a person who decides cases
- D citizens deciding facts in a trial

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10 **What is the main meaning of court levels?**

- A judge
- B trial appeal and supreme courts
- C jury
- D burden of proof

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11 **Which term matches this description: a person who decides cases?**



A citizens deciding facts in a trial

B who must prove a case

C judge

D rights protected by law

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12 **What is the main meaning of jury?**



A burden of proof

B legal rights

C amendment

D citizens deciding facts in a trial

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13 **Which term matches this description: who must prove a case?**

A burden of proof

B rights protected by law

C a change to a law

D a local law of a town

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14 **What is the main meaning of legal rights?**

A amendment

B rights protected by law

C bylaw

D regulation

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15 **A town passes a local rule on parking. What is this?**



A A bylaw as a local law

B A statute

C A precedent

D A Charter right

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16 **A judge follows a past decision in a similar case. What is she using?**

- A A bylaw
- B Precedent from a past decision
- C A regulation
- D A jury

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17 **Education is controlled by provinces in Canada. What is this?**

- A Federal jurisdiction
- B A bylaw
- C Provincial jurisdiction over an area
- D A Charter right

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18 **Criminal law is controlled by Parliament. What is this?**

A Provincial jurisdiction

B A bylaw

C A regulation

D Federal jurisdiction over an area

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19 **Two opposing sides present their cases before a judge. What system is this?**

A The adversarial system with opposing sides

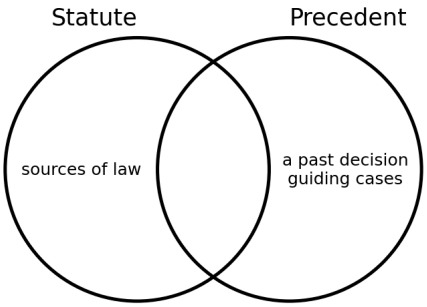
B The inquisitorial system

C A bylaw

D A precedent

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20 **In the diagram, which idea belongs in the overlapping middle region shared by both forms?**



A sources of law

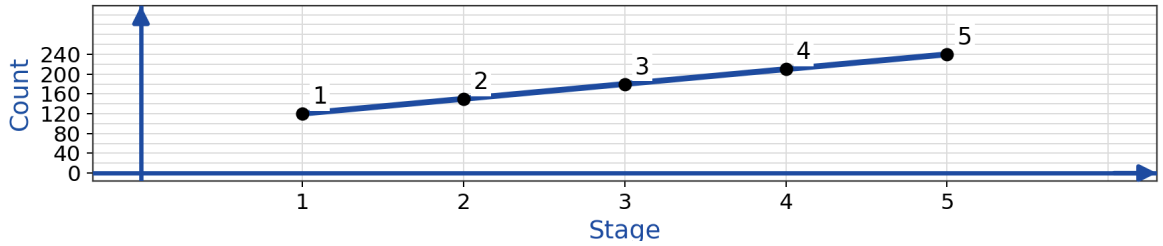
B a past decision guiding cases

C a written law passed

D listed steps in the order to follow

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21 **The diagram shows cases heard in a court over five years. What does the diagram show?**



A the number of cases heard fell steadily over the five years

B the number of cases heard rose steadily over the five years

C the number of cases heard stayed the same every year

D the number of cases heard rose then fell to zero

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22 **A display holds 210 court cases and a second display holds 145 court cases. The total number of court cases is**

ANSWER _____

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23 **A collection has 800 legal files. After 320 legal files are removed, the number of legal files left is**

ANSWER _____

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24 **540 courtrooms are shared equally among 6 groups. Each group receives**

ANSWER _____

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25 **A project uses 12 groups with 28 law books in each group. The total number of law books is**

ANSWER _____

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ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. A
16. B
17. C
18. D
19. A
20. C
21. B
22. 355
23. 480
24. 90
25. 336

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