Urbanization — Practice Test

Nova Scotia Advanced Global Geography 12 • 25 questions

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **Urbanization is an increase in the proportion of people living in**

- A urban areas
- B rural areas
- C coastal areas
- D mountain areas

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **A city site is chosen for advantages such as**

A high altitude only

B water transport and defence

C desert climate

D isolation

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **The central business district is usually the area of**

A shops offices and high land values

B factories on the edge

C farmland

D suburban homes

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4 **Land values are usually highest in the**

- A rural fringe
- B industrial park
- C forest edge
- D city centre

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **Urban sprawl leads to longer commutes and loss of**

- A farmland and natural habitat
- B downtown shops
- C city halls
- D universities

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6 **A suburb is a residential area**

- A in the city centre
- B on the edge of a city
- C in a remote forest
- D on a farm

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **Gentrification can displace lower-income residents when an area is**

- A abandoned
- B flooded
- C renovated and prices rise
- D closed to traffic

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8 **An edge city is a new commercial centre on the**

- A city waterfront only
- B rural highway only
- C mountain top
- D urban fringe

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9 **Public transit reduces urban congestion by moving many people in**

- A shared vehicles
- B private cars
- C trucks
- D airplanes

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10 **A brownfield site in a city is land previously used for**

A farming only

B industry

C parks only

D housing only

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11 **Urban heat islands occur because concrete and asphalt**

A reflect all heat

B cool the air

C absorb and retain heat

D increase rainfall always

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **A greenbelt is protected open land around a city that limits**

- A farming
- B parks
- C roads
- D sprawl

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **Mixed-use development combines homes shops and workplaces in**

- A the same area
- B separate towns
- C one building only
- D rural counties

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **A conurbation is a continuous urban area formed when towns**

A shrink apart

B grow together

C are abandoned

D become farms

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **Squatter settlements often lack formal**

A people

B buildings

C tenure water and sanitation

D roads only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **A world city is a major centre of global**

- A farming
- B fishing
- C mining only
- D finance culture and decision-making

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **Zoning laws control**

- A what land can be used for
- B who can vote
- C school curricula
- D bus fares

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **The Burgess concentric zone model describes cities as**

A sectors along transport routes

B rings around a centre

C multiple separate nuclei

D random scatter

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **The Hoyt sector model describes growth along**

A perfect rings

B river bends only

C transport corridors in sectors

D coastlines only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **A multiple nuclei model says cities grow around**

- A one single centre
- B no centres
- C only ports
- D several separate centres

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **Smart growth aims to create compact walkable communities with**

- A less car dependence
- B more sprawl
- C larger lots only
- D fewer services

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22 **Urban planning that puts jobs near homes can reduce**

A housing supply

B commuting and emissions

C park space

D transit use

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **Informal employment in cities includes work that is**

A government office work

B factory union work

C unregistered and unprotected

D university teaching

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **A favela is an informal settlement in**

- A Canada
- B Japan
- C Norway
- D Brazil

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **Cities attract migrants because of perceived**

- A jobs services and amenities
- B higher farm prices
- C lower population
- D empty land

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. B
3. A
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. C
24. D
25. A

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