NOVA SCOTIA ADVANCED GLOBAL POLITICS 12 · UNIT B

Political Systems — Practice Test

Nova Scotia Advanced Global Politics 12 • 25 questions

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **A political system is the set of institutions and processes by which a society makes**

- A private choices
- B collective decisions
- C trade deals
- D art

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2 **Democracy is rule by the people usually through free and fair**

A appointments

B elections

C inheritance

D force

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3 **Direct democracy allows citizens to vote directly on**

A leaders only

B judges only

C laws and policies

D budgets only

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4 **Representative democracy elects officials to make decisions on behalf of**

A the military

B foreign states

C businesses

D citizens

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5 **An authoritarian system concentrates power in one leader or small group with limited**

A freedoms

B elections

C laws

D courts

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6 **A totalitarian system seeks control over political economic social and cultural**

A trade only

B life

C education only

D sport

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7 **A monarchy is headed by a king queen or emperor often through**

A election

B appointment

C heredity

D lottery

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8 **A constitutional monarchy limits the monarch's power through a**

A army

B church

C parliament only

D constitution

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9 **A republic has a head of state who is not a**

A monarch

B president

C citizen

D general

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10 **A parliamentary system fuses executive and legislative power because the government needs confidence of the**

- A courts
- B legislature
- C military
- D voters directly

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11 **A presidential system separates executive and legislative branches with a president elected**

- A by parliament
- B by courts
- C independently
- D by the military

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12 **In a presidential system the president serves a fixed**

- A life term
- B year only
- C week
- D term

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13 **A federal system divides power between central and regional**

- A governments
- B courts only
- C cities only
- D armies

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14 **A unitary system concentrates most power in the**

A provinces

B central government

C cities

D towns

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15 **A one-party system allows only one political party to hold**

A meetings

B offices

C power

D newspapers

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16 **A multi-party system allows several parties to compete for**

A wealth

B land

C titles

D power

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17 **A political party organizes people with shared views to win elections and form**

A government

B businesses

C courts

D armies

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18 **An ideology is a set of beliefs about how society should be**

A painted

B organized

C built

D farmed

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19 **Liberalism emphasizes individual freedom equality and**

A tradition

B hierarchy

C rights

D state control

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20 **Conservatism emphasizes tradition stability and gradual**

A revolution

B equality

C state ownership

D change

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21 **Socialism emphasizes equality and collective or public ownership of major**

A resources

B houses only

C farms only

D shops only

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22 **A theocracy is governed by religious leaders or religious**

- A markets
- B law
- C armies
- D courts only

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23 **A military regime is ruled by the armed**

- A people
- B church
- C forces
- D courts

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24 **Legitimacy means citizens accept a government's right to**

A tax only

B spend

C punish

D rule

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25 **Sovereignty is supreme authority within a**

A territory

B city only

C family

D company

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ANSWER KEY

1. B
2. B
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. C
24. D
25. A

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