NOVA SCOTIA ENGLISH 10 · FINAL EXAM

Final Exam — Practice Test

Nova Scotia English 10 • 50 questions

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **The term for restating a speaker's idea in your own words to check understanding is**

- A Tone of voice
- B Pace
- C Paraphrasing
- D Feedback

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2 Main idea means

- A a conclusion drawn from clues plus what the reader already knows
- B the most important point of a passage or image
- C the central message or lesson of a text
- D the position from which a story or report is told

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3 A thesis statement means

- A listing many ideas before choosing what to write about
- B one sentence that states the main point of a piece of writing
- C writing a first version of a piece
- D fixing grammar spelling and punctuation

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4 **Paraphrasing means**

A restating a speaker's idea in your own words to check understanding

B the feeling carried by how words are spoken

C how quickly or slowly a speaker speaks

D a listener response that shows what was understood

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5 **A supporting detail means**

A a fact or example that backs up a main idea

B a guess about what will happen next based on clues

C a one-sided view that favours one side of an issue

D the writer's attitude shown through word choice

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6 **A topic sentence means**

A the sentence that states the main idea of a paragraph

B a plan that orders ideas before drafting begins

C changing ideas and order to improve meaning

D a final check for small errors before sharing writing

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7 **Tone of voice means**

A how quickly or slowly a speaker speaks

B a listener response that shows what was understood

C briefly retelling the main points of a talk

D the feeling carried by how words are spoken

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8 **An inference means**

A the central message or lesson of a text

B a conclusion drawn from clues plus what the reader already knows

C the position from which a story or report is told

D the feeling a text creates for the reader

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9 **The term for a plan that orders ideas before drafting begins is**

A Revising

B Proofreading

C An outline

D Descriptive writing

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10 **The term for how loudly or softly a speaker speaks is**

- A Volume
- B Audience awareness
- C A clarifying question
- D A discussion leader

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11 **The term for the central message or lesson of a text is**

- A Theme
- B Point of view
- C Mood
- D A metaphor

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12 **The term for writing a first version of a piece is**

- A Drafting
- B Editing
- C A transition word
- D Narrative writing

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13 **The term for how quickly or slowly a speaker speaks is**

- A Feedback
- B Summarizing
- C Pace
- D Turn taking

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14 **The term for a one-sided view that favours one side of an issue is**

- A Tone
- B A simile
- C Bias
- D Personification

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15 **Revising means**

- A a final check for small errors before sharing writing
- B writing that uses vivid detail to show how something looks sounds or feels
- C writing meant to convince a reader to accept a view
- D changing ideas and order to improve meaning

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16 **The term for shaping a talk for the people who will hear it is**

A Audience awareness

B A clarifying question

C A discussion leader

D Body language

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17 **The term for the position from which a story or report is told is**

A Point of view

B Mood

C A metaphor

D Fact

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18 Editing means

A a word that links ideas between sentences or paragraphs

B fixing grammar spelling and punctuation

C writing that tells a story with characters and events

D polite and precise language suited to school or work writing

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19 Feedback means

A briefly retelling the main points of a talk

B waiting for a fair chance to speak in a group talk

C an image or object that helps listeners follow a talk

D a listener response that shows what was understood

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20 **Tone means**

A a comparison using like or as

B giving human qualities to a nonhuman thing

C a statement of personal belief or feeling

D the writer's attitude shown through word choice

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21 **The term for a word that links ideas between sentences or paragraphs is**

A A transition word

B Narrative writing

C Formal language

D Plagiarism

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22 A clarifying question means

- A the person who guides a group talk and keeps it on topic
- B a question that asks a speaker to explain an unclear point
- C meaning shown through posture gestures and facial expression
- D an opening line that catches listener interest

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23 Mood means

- A a comparison that says one thing is another
- B the feeling a text creates for the reader
- C a statement that can be checked as true
- D reading quickly to find the general idea

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24 **The term for writing that uses vivid detail to show how something looks sounds or feels is**

- A Persuasive writing
- B Informal language
- C Descriptive writing
- D A visual representation

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25 **The term for the person who guides a group talk and keeps it on topic is**

- A A discussion leader
- B Body language
- C An introduction hook
- D Rehearsal

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26 **The term for a comparison that says one thing is another is**

- A A metaphor
- B Fact
- C Skimming
- D A context clue

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27 **Narrative writing means**

- A polite and precise language suited to school or work writing
- B writing that tells a story with characters and events
- C presenting someone else's work as your own
- D helpful comments from a classmate on a draft

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28 **The term for waiting for a fair chance to speak in a group talk is**

A A visual aid

B A transition

C Turn taking

D An open question

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29 **The term for giving human qualities to a nonhuman thing is**

A Opinion

B Scanning

C Personification

D Connotation

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30 **Persuasive writing means**

A relaxed everyday language suited to friends

B an image chart or poster that communicates an idea

C mixing short and long sentences to keep writing interesting

D writing meant to convince a reader to accept a view

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31 **The term for meaning shown through posture gestures and facial expression is**

A Body language

B An introduction hook

C Rehearsal

D Respectful disagreement

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32 **The term for a statement that can be checked as true is**

- A Fact
- B Skimming
- C A context clue
- D Denotation

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33 **The term for relaxed everyday language suited to friends is**

- A A visual representation
- B Informal language
- C Sentence variety
- D An introduction paragraph

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34 A visual aid means

- A a word or phrase that links one idea to the next
- B a question that invites a full answer rather than yes or no
- C an image or object that helps listeners follow a talk
- D writing key words during a talk to remember main ideas

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35 Opinion means

- A looking quickly for a specific piece of information
- B the feeling or idea linked to a word beyond its plain meaning
- C a statement of personal belief or feeling
- D words beside an image that explain what it shows

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36 **The term for presenting someone else's work as your own is**

- A Peer feedback
- B A concluding sentence
- C A body paragraph
- D Plagiarism

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37 **An introduction hook means**

- A an opening line that catches listener interest
- B practising a talk before giving it to an audience
- C stating a different view without insulting the speaker
- D the closing part of a talk that restates the main message

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38 **Skimming means**

A reading quickly to find the general idea

B a nearby word or phrase that helps explain an unknown word

C the plain dictionary meaning of a word

D a title that tells what a section is about

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39 **A visual representation means**

A mixing short and long sentences to keep writing interesting

B an opening paragraph that presents the topic and main point

C an image chart or poster that communicates an idea

D a precise action word that makes writing clearer

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40 A transition means

- A a question that invites a full answer rather than yes or no
- B writing key words during a talk to remember main ideas
- C a word or phrase that links one idea to the next
- D extra sounds such as um that weaken a spoken message

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41 Scanning means

- A the feeling or idea linked to a word beyond its plain meaning
- B words beside an image that explain what it shows
- C looking quickly for a specific piece of information
- D a source with evidence and a trustworthy author

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42 **Peer feedback means**

A helpful comments from a classmate on a draft

B a sentence that wraps up the ideas in a paragraph

C a middle paragraph that develops one main idea with support

D one sentence that states the main point of a piece of writing

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43 **The term for a question that invites a full answer rather than yes or no is**

A Note taking

B An open question

C Filler words

D Paraphrasing

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44 **The term for the feeling or idea linked to a word beyond its plain meaning is**

- A A caption
- B Connotation
- C A reliable source
- D A supporting detail

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45 **The term for a sentence that wraps up the ideas in a paragraph is**

- A A body paragraph
- B A thesis statement
- C Brainstorming
- D A concluding sentence

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46 **The term for stating a different view without insulting the speaker is**

- A A conclusion
- B Active listening
- C Eye contact
- D Respectful disagreement

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47 **The term for the plain dictionary meaning of a word is**

- A A heading
- B Main idea
- C An inference
- D Denotation

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48 **The term for an opening paragraph that presents the topic and main point is**

A A strong verb

B An introduction paragraph

C A topic sentence

D An outline

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49 **The term for writing key words during a talk to remember main ideas is**

A Filler words

B Note taking

C Paraphrasing

D Tone of voice

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50 **The term for words beside an image that explain what it shows is**

A A reliable source

B A caption

C A supporting detail

D A prediction

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ANSWER KEY

1. C
2. B
3. B
4. A
5. A
6. A
7. D
8. B
9. C
10. A
11. A
12. A
13. C
14. C
15. D
16. A
17. A
18. B
19. D
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. B
24. C
25. A
26. A
27. B
28. C
29. C
30. D
31. A
32. A
33. B
34. C
35. C
36. D
37. A
38. A
39. C
40. C
41. C
42. A
43. B
44. B
45. D
46. D
47. D
48. B
49. B
50. B

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