The Challenge of Economic Disparity — Practice Test

Nova Scotia Global History 12 • 25 questions

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **Wealth means money property and other valuable**

- A debts
- B assets
- C jobs
- D schools

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **Income is money a person earns from work business or**

A taxes

B investments

C debts

D gifts only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **Poverty means lacking enough money for basic**

A luxuries

B travel

C needs

D entertainment

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **Basic needs include food water shelter clothing and**

A cars

B televisions

C jewellery

D health care

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **Rich countries are sometimes called developed because they have advanced**

A industry and services

B farming only

C fishing only

D mining only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **Poor countries are sometimes called developing because their economies are still**

A shrinking always

B growing

C closed

D ancient

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **In the 1800s Britain was the first country to**

A colonize Mars

B ban trade

C industrialize

D end farming

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

8 **A factory system brought workers together in one place to make goods with**

- A hand tools only
- B animals only
- C magic
- D machines

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9 **Child labour was common in early factories because children were paid**

- A low wages
- B high wages
- C no wages
- D adult wages

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10 **Workers formed unions to bargain together for better pay and**

A profits

B conditions

C exports

D prices

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **A strike is when workers stop working to demand**

A pay cuts

B longer hours

C change

D fewer holidays

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **Capitalism allows private people to own businesses and compete in**

A governments only

B churches only

C schools only

D markets

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **Socialism argues that government or the community should own major**

A industries

B houses only

C farms only

D shops only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **In the Soviet Union the government planned most of the**

A weather

B economy

C art

D sports

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **The United States economy is mainly based on private business and**

A central planning

B barter

C markets

D feudalism

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **Trade means buying and selling goods and**

A land only

B people

C ideas only

D services

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **A country that sells more than it buys has a trade**

A surplus

B deficit

C debt

D tax

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **A country that buys more than it sells has a trade**

A surplus

B deficit

C profit

D bonus

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **Oil is an important export for many countries in the**

A Arctic

B Antarctic

C Middle East

D Caribbean only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **Coffee is an important export for many countries in Latin America and**

- A Europe
- B Antarctica
- C Australia only
- D Africa

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **When coffee prices fall farmers who depend on coffee lose**

- A income
- B land
- C language
- D health

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **Aid from rich countries can help poor countries build schools clinics and**

A armies

B roads

C palaces

D stadiums

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **Clean drinking water is essential for health yet many people lack**

A taste for it

B need for it

C access to it

D knowledge of it

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **Hunger can result from poverty drought war and unfair distribution of**

A land only

B water only

C money only

D food

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **Education helps reduce poverty by giving people skills for better**

A jobs

B wars

C trade

D travel

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. B
2. B
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B
11. C
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. A
22. B
23. C
24. D
25. A

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