ONTARIO CANADIAN HISTORY SINCE WORLD WAR I, GRADE 10, ACADEMIC (CHC2D) · UNIT B · 10 QUESTIONS

Canada, 1929-1945 — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **Many of Bennett's New Deal measures were later found to be**

- A rejected by every province
- B laws that lasted unchanged to today
- C orders from Britain
- D outside federal jurisdiction under the Constitution

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2 **William Lyon Mackenzie King returned as prime minister in 1935 after**

- A Bennett retired from politics in 1930
- B King won a vote in Britain
- C Bennett's government lost support during the Depression
- D a military coup

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3 **Maurice Duplessis and the Union Nationale in Quebec in the 1930s defended**

A socialist public ownership

B provincial autonomy and traditional institutions

C joining the United States

D ending the French language in schools

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4 **In December 1941, Canadian troops suffered heavy losses at**

A Hong Kong, defending the colony against Japan

B Juno Beach in Normandy

C Ortona in Italy

D the liberation of the Netherlands

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5 **In Italy, Canadian troops fought a costly battle at Ortona in**

- A June 1944
- B August 1942
- C September 1939
- D December 1943

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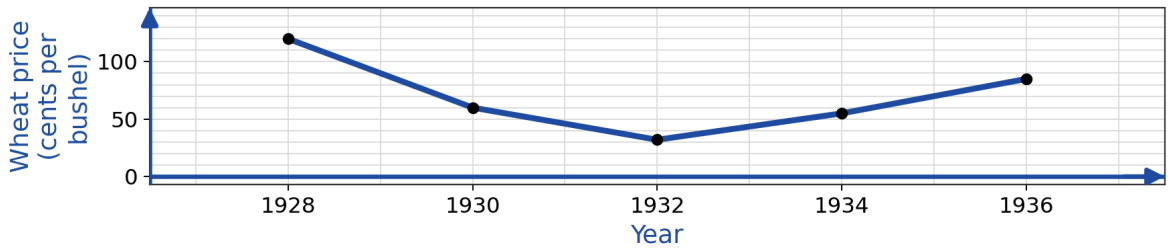
6 **The graph shows the approximate average price of a bushel of wheat in cents. The lowest price shown was in**



- A 1932
- B 1928
- C 1934
- D 1936

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7 **The Royal Canadian Air Force in the Second World War took part in**

A the invasion of Japan alone

B the bombing campaign over Europe and the defence of Britain

C naval battles in the Pacific only

D no combat operations

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8 **Canada's merchant navy in the Second World War**

A carried supplies across the Atlantic despite U-boat attacks

B stayed in Canadian ports for the whole war

C carried only luxury goods

D was disbanded in 1939

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9 **The Conscription Crisis of 1944 arose when**

- **A** Canada left the war
- **B** Quebec voted to leave Canada
- **C** Britain ordered Canada to surrender
- **D** the government decided to send some home defence conscripts overseas

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10 **A lasting consequence of the Second World War for Canada was**

- **A** the loss of independence
- **B** the closing of every university
- **C** greater industrial capacity, new social programs, and a larger global role
- **D** the end of all manufacturing

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ANSWER KEY

1. D
2. C
3. B
4. A
5. D
6. A
7. B
8. A
9. D
10. C

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