Final Exam — Practice Test

Prince Edward Island Introductory Politics 11 • 50 questions

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **In Canadian politics, which term names an electoral district that elects one representative**

- A ballot
- B riding
- C campaign
- D majority government

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **In Canadian politics, which term names the person who leads a political party and usually becomes prime minister or premier if the party wins**

A platform

B party leader

C opposition

D Constitution Act 1867

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **In the Canadian Parliament, which term names the head of government in Canada, usually the leader of the governing party**

A Cabinet

B Member of Parliament

C question period

D Prime Minister

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **In Canadian government, which term names a town or city government, responsible for local services such as water and roads**

- A premier
- B mayor
- C municipal government
- D council

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **Under the Canadian Charter, which term names the freedom to join groups, including unions and associations**

- A democratic right
- B mobility right
- C freedom of association
- D legal right

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

6 **In Canadian politics, which term names a government whose party holds the most seats but less than half**

- A voter eligibility
- B minority government
- C secret ballot
- D first past the post

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

7 **In Canadian politics, which term names an organised group that seeks to win power by offering voters a platform**

- A political party
- B party leader
- C platform
- D opposition

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

8 **In the Canadian Parliament, which term names the elected chamber of Parliament where members debate and pass laws**

A House of Commons

B Senate

C Governor General

D Prime Minister

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

9 **In Canadian government, which term names federal payments that help less wealthy provinces provide comparable services**

A jurisdiction

B intergovernmental relations

C equalization

D local service

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

10 **Under the Canadian Charter, which term names a Charter right to equal treatment under the law without discrimination**

- A reasonable limit
- B notwithstanding clause
- C equality right
- D peaceful protest

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

11 **In Canadian politics, which term names the share of eligible voters who actually vote in an election**

- A turnout
- B democracy
- C riding
- D ballot

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

12 **In Canadian politics, which term names the law that patriated the Constitution and added the Charter of Rights and Freedoms**

- A Constitution Act 1982
- B federalism
- C amending formula
- D caucus

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

13 **In the Canadian Parliament, which term names the appointed chamber of Parliament that reviews laws passed by the Commons**

- A Senate
- B Governor General
- C Prime Minister
- D Cabinet

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

14 **Education is a provincial responsibility, so Prince Edward Island sets its own school curriculum, while the federal government funds post secondary education in part through**

- A tuition only
- B taxes only
- C transfers
- D grants to students only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

15 **A student newspaper that criticises a government policy is exercising freedom of**

- A assembly
- B association
- C expression
- D movement

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

16 **A minority government must usually gain support from other parties to pass laws, because it does not hold a**

A leader

B majority of seats

C cabinet

D platform

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

17 **In Canadian politics, which term names the law that created Canada as a federation and divided powers between levels of government**

A Constitution Act 1867

B Constitution Act 1982

C federalism

D amending formula

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

18 **In the Canadian Parliament, which term names the formal approval that turns a bill into law**

A bill

B committee

C House of Commons

D royal assent

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

19 **National defence, foreign affairs and criminal law are mainly federal, so a question about the Canadian Armed Forces goes to the federal**

A province

B city

C government

D school board

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

20 **A law that bans all protests in a city would likely be challenged as an unreasonable limit on freedoms of expression and peaceful**

- A religion
- B movement
- C assembly
- D association only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

21 **In Canadian politics, which term names a system in which citizens choose their leaders by voting in free elections**

- A democracy
- B riding
- C ballot
- D campaign

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

22 **In Canadian politics, which term names a party member who helps keep party members voting together**

A political party

B whip

C party leader

D platform

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

23 **In the Canadian Parliament, which term names the group of ministers chosen by the Prime Minister to run government departments**

A Cabinet

B Member of Parliament

C question period

D royal assent

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

24 **A city council passes bylaws on matters such as noise, parking and zoning, which are local rules under provincial**

- A federal authority
- B court authority
- C authority
- D police authority

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

25 **The Charter protects freedom of religion, which includes the freedom to hold beliefs and to practise a religion, subject to reasonable**

- A fees
- B permits always
- C limits
- D votes

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

26 **The House of Commons has 338 seats. The smallest number of seats that gives a majority is**

ANSWER

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

27 **How many years passed between 1867 and 1982**

ANSWER

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

28 **The Senate has 105 seats. If 55 senators support a motion, the senators who do not support it number**

ANSWER

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

29 **The Prince Edward Island Legislative Assembly has 27 seats. If the governing party holds 15 seats, the opposition and other members together hold how many seats**

ANSWER

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

30 **How many years passed between 1960 and 1982**

ANSWER _____

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

31 **A by election is held when a seat becomes vacant between general elections, for example when a member**

A travels

B resigns

C campaigns

D retires from a party only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

32 **Third parties can influence politics even without forming government by raising issues that larger parties then**

A ignore always

B ban

C fund

D adopt

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

33 **In the Canadian Parliament, which term names a person elected to represent a riding in the House of Commons**

A question period

B Member of Parliament

C royal assent

D bill

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

34 **Provincial governments can differ on policies such as minimum wage, because labour standards within a province are mainly a provincial**

A federal matter

B municipal matter

C court matter

D matter

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

35 **Freedom of expression does not protect every statement, because laws against defamation and hate propaganda set**

A limits

B fees

C permits

D deadlines

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

36 **In Canadian politics, which term names a government whose party holds more than half the seats in the legislature**

A majority government

B minority government

C voter eligibility

D secret ballot

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

37 **Which party politics term names the support of a majority in the legislature that a government needs to stay in office**

A dissolution

B prorogation

C minority parliament

D confidence

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

38 **The Senate can suggest changes to a bill and delay it, but it rarely blocks a bill that has strong support in the elected**

A Cabinet

B courts

C provinces

D Commons

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

39 **In government in Canada, which term names a program funded jointly by two levels of government**

A municipal bylaw

B zoning

C public transit

D shared cost program

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

40 **In protest and rights, which term names workers stopping work to press a demand**

A strike

B rally

C march

D vigil

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

41 **A political platform sets out what a party promises to do if it forms**

A a debate team

B government

C a poll

D a coalition only

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

42 **Which party politics term names belonging to a political party, often by paying a fee**

A nomination

B leadership review

C policy convention

D party membership

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

43 **In Parliament, which term names a break in a sitting or session**

A motion

B amendment

C adjournment

D reading

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

44 **In government in Canada, which term names cleaning water so it is safe to drink**

A waste collection

B fire service

C library service

D water treatment

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

45 **In protest and rights, which term names a protest in which people occupy a place peacefully**

A sit in

B civil disobedience

C free press

D whistleblower

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

46 **In Canadian politics, which term names an electoral system in which the candidate with the most votes in a riding wins**

A first past the post

B turnout

C democracy

D riding

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

47 **Which party politics term names collecting money to support a party or campaign**

A coalition

B confidence

C dissolution

D fundraising

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

48 **In Parliament, which term names discussion of a bill or motion in a chamber**

A vote

B Speaker

C debate

D Clerk

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

49 **In government in Canada, which term names a town program offering sports, arts and leisure activities**

A transfer payment

B shared cost program

C municipal bylaw

D recreation program

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

50 **A free press helps democracy because citizens need accurate information to judge their**

A government

B neighbours

C schools

D employers

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1.	B	**18.**	D	**35.**	A
2.	B	**19.**	C	**36.**	A
3.	D	**20.**	C	**37.**	D
4.	C	**21.**	A	**38.**	D
5.	C	**22.**	B	**39.**	D
6.	B	**23.**	A	**40.**	A
7.	A	**24.**	C	**41.**	B
8.	A	**25.**	C	**42.**	D
9.	C	**26.**	170	**43.**	C
10.	C	**27.**	115	**44.**	D
11.	A	**28.**	50	**45.**	A
12.	A	**29.**	12	**46.**	A
13.	A	**30.**	22	**47.**	D
14.	C	**31.**	B	**48.**	C
15.	C	**32.**	D	**49.**	D
16.	B	**33.**	B	**50.**	A
17.	A	**34.**	D		

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