SASKATCHEWAN ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS A30 · UNIT D · 10 QUESTIONS

Composition and Language Conventions — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **According to Reading III, which theme is best supported by the passage?**



A honest narrative acknowledges where sources agree and differ

B narrative truth is a single clean line

C evidence always destroys family stories

D memory should never be questioned

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2 **According to Reading III, the phrase a pattern made from many threads is an example of**

A a simile, because it compares two things using like or as

B a metaphor, because it says one thing is another thing

C personification, because it gives human qualities to a nonhuman thing

D a hyperbole, because it greatly exaggerates for effect

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3 **According to Reading III, which word best describes the mood of the passage?**

A tense, with a sense of danger

B joyful, with a sense of celebration

C reflective, with a sense of thoughtful looking back

D angry, with a sense of frustration

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4 **A student wants to share a strong opinion about a school rule in the school newspaper. Which form fits best?**

A a personal diary entry kept private

B a list of school rules with no comment

C a set of lab instructions for a science class

D an editorial that argues a position with reasons

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5 **When editing, a writer should check subject and verb agreement. Which sentence is correct?**

A The books on the shelf belong to the library

B The books on the shelf belonging to the library

C The books on the shelf belongs to the library

D The book on the shelf belong to the library

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6 **A student writes a first draft that is messy and full of crossed out words. This is**

A a failure, because first drafts must be perfect

B normal, because first drafts focus on ideas, not perfection

C proofreading, because errors are being fixed

D publishing, because the draft is ready to share

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7 **A writer wants readers to follow a literary criticism essay clearly from one idea to the next. Which tool helps most?**



A longer words in every sentence

B extra exclamation marks

C transitions that show how ideas connect

D a larger title on the first page

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8 **Which sentence uses a comma correctly?**

A After the meeting the students stacked the chairs and left quietly

B After, the meeting the students stacked the chairs and left quietly

C After the meeting, the students, stacked the chairs and left quietly

D After the meeting, the students stacked the chairs and left quietly

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9 **A student writing a literary criticism essay for younger readers about a complex topic should**

A explain key terms in plain words and give simple examples

B use only technical terms with no explanation

C skip the introduction to save space

D write longer sentences to sound more formal

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10 **Which sentence best states a thesis for a literary criticism essay arguing for a later school start?**

A School start times are a topic people discuss

B Schools should start later because students learn better when they are rested

C Many students attend school in the morning

D Schools have clocks in every classroom

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ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B

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