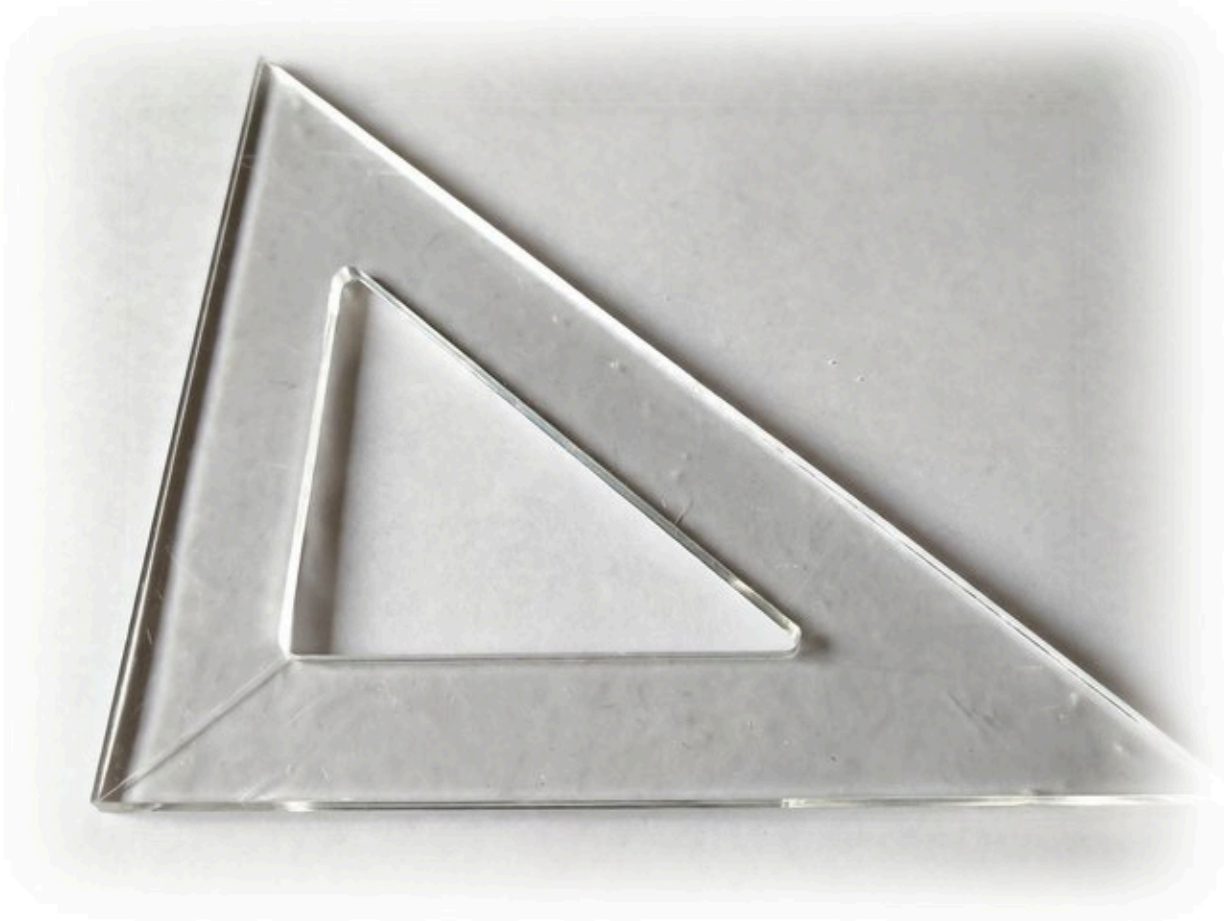
SASKATCHEWAN INDIGENOUS STUDIES 10 · UNIT E · 5 QUESTIONS

Land, Treaties and Relationship to Mother Earth — Practice Test

This practice test was made by AI and there may be mistakes. If a question or answer looks wrong, use the Flag a mistake button to let Brett know so he can fix it.

1 **The Royal Proclamation of 1763 set a precedent for treaty making by recognizing Indigenous nations and requiring Crown purchase of**



A settler lands

B Indigenous lands

C French lands

D Spanish lands

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

2 **The Robinson Treaties of 1850 in Ontario were early examples of treaties that promised annuities and reserves in exchange for**

A only peace

B only trade

C sharing land

D only military alliance

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

3 **Annuities in treaties are yearly payments promised to treaty peoples, and in Saskatchewan Treaty 6 the annuity was originally**

A fifty dollars per person per year

B five hundred dollars per person per year

C one dollar per family per year

D five dollars per person per year

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

4 **Treaty medals and flags given at signing symbolized the treaty relationship and the Crown promise, and they remain significant in**

- A treaty ceremonies today
- B only museums
- C only archives
- D only history books

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

5 **The famine clause in Treaty 6 promised assistance in times of famine or pestilence, reflecting First Nations concerns about**

- A only crop failures
- B food security after the decline of the buffalo
- C only trade disruptions
- D only winter cold

Understand It with Pulse | Flag a mistake

ANSWER KEY

1. B
2. C
3. D
4. A
5. B

© 2026 Brett Robbins. All Rights Reserved.