YUKON HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 12 (MHGEO12) · UNIT B · 5 QUESTIONS

Culture and Identity in Place — Practice Test

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1 **Folk culture differs from popular culture because folk culture is**

- **A** traditionally passed on within a small community and tied to a place
- **B** spread rapidly by mass media everywhere
- **C** always produced by large companies
- **D** never linked to a place

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2 **Material culture and nonmaterial culture differ because material culture includes physical things like buildings and tools, while nonmaterial culture includes**

A only mountains, the high rocky landforms that rise above the land around them

B beliefs, values, and customs

C only roads

D only farmland

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3 **A cultural trait is**

A an entire civilisation

B a mountain range

C a single element of culture, such as a food, greeting, or style of dress

D a trade agreement, a deal between countries setting the rules for buying and selling goods across borders

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4 **A red stop sign in Ottawa shows the same word in two languages, with Parliament Hill behind it. Canada has two official languages, which are**



A English and Spanish

B French and German

C English and French

D English only

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5 **Religion can affect daily life by shaping**

A only the weather

B only the shape of coastlines

C only population size

D diet, dress, holidays, and weekly routines

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ANSWER KEY

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. C
5. D

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